MA 1112: Linear Algebra II Tutorial problems, February 19, 2019

1. The sequence a_1, a_2, \ldots is defined recursively: $a_{n+2} = 8a_{n+1} - 16a_n$, $a_0 = 1$, $a_1 = 1$. Find an explicit formula for a_n .

2. Do the following two matrices represent the same linear transformations relative to different bases? Explain your answer. (*Hint*: two matrices represent the same linear transformations relative to different bases if their Jordan normal forms are the same; note that you only need to determine the Jordan normal form (sizes of blocks for various eigenvalues), and not a Jordan basis).

(a)
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 7 & 1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix};$$

(b) $B = \begin{pmatrix} -3 & 5 & 5 \\ -1 & 3 & 1 \\ -3 & 3 & 5 \end{pmatrix}.$

3. Assume that for a $n \times n$ -matrix A with real matrix elements we have $A^2 = -I$. Prove that tr A = 0.