

PROOF OF THE CONTINUED FRACTION CONJECTURE FOR

$$(a, b) = (z^2 + z, z^3 + 1)$$

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ABSTRACT. The continued fraction conjecture claims that the continued fraction defined by the (a, b) -Thue-Morse sequence is algebraic over $\mathbb{F}_2(x)$ for all pairs of distinct elements (a, b) in $\mathbb{F}_2[x] \setminus \mathbb{F}_2$. In this paper we prove the conjecture for $(a, b) = (z^2 + z, z^3 + 1)$.

1. INTRODUCTION

Let $\mathbb{F}_2$ be the finite field of cardinality 2. Given a sequence of polynomials $\mathbf{a} = (a_0(z), a_1(z), a_2(z), \dots)$ of elements from $\mathbb{F}_2[z] \setminus \mathbb{F}_2$, we define the infinite continued fraction

$$(1.1) \quad \text{CF}(\mathbf{a}(z)) = \frac{1}{a_0(z) + \frac{1}{a_1(z) + \frac{1}{a_2(z) + \frac{1}{\ddots}}}}$$

as the limit of the finite continued fractions

$$(1.2) \quad \text{CF}_n(\mathbf{a}(z)) = \frac{1}{a_0(z) + \frac{1}{a_1(z) + \frac{1}{\ddots + \frac{1}{a_n(z)}}}} \in \mathbb{F}_2((1/z)).$$

Conversely, each power series in $\mathbb{F}_2[[1/z]]$ without constant term

$$(1.3) \quad c_{-1}z^{-1} + c_{-2}z^{-2} + c_{-3}z^{-3} + \dots$$

admits a continued fraction expansion of form (1.1).

Let a and b be two distinct elements from $\mathbb{F}_2[z] \setminus \mathbb{F}_2$. We consider the continued fraction (1.1) associated with the (a, b) -Thue-Morse sequence

$$\mathbf{t} = (t_0(z), t_1(z), t_2(z), \dots) = (a, b, b, a, b, a, a, b, \dots)$$

that we shall denote

$$(1.4) \quad \text{CF}(a, b) := \text{CF}(\mathbf{t}).$$

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Theorem 1.1. *When $(a, b) = (z^2 + z, z^3 + 1)$, the two power series $\text{CF}(a, b)$ and $\text{CF}(b, a)$ are algebraic over $\mathbb{F}_2(z)$, with minimal polynomials of the form*

$$p_4(z)y^4 + p_3(z)y^3 + p_2(z)y^2 + p_1(z)y + p_0(z) = 0$$

where, for $\text{CF}(a, b)$,

$$\begin{aligned} p_0(z) &= z^9 + z^8 + z^5 + z^3 + z^2 + z + 1, \\ p_1(z) &= z^{12} + z^9 + z^8 + z^6 + z^5 + z^4 + z^3 + z, \\ p_2(z) &= z^{14} + z^{12} + z^6 + z^2, \\ p_3(z) &= z^{12} + z^9 + z^8 + z^6 + z^5 + z^4 + z^3 + z, \\ p_4(z) &= z^{10} + z^9 + z^6 + z^5 + z^3 + z^2 + z, \end{aligned}$$

and for $\text{CF}(b, a)$,

$$\begin{aligned} p_0(z) &= z^9 + z^8 + z^6 + z^5 + z^4 + z^3 + z, \\ p_1(z) &= z^{12} + z^9 + z^8 + z^6 + z^5 + z^4 + z^3 + z, \\ p_2(z) &= z^{14} + z^{12} + z^6 + z^2, \\ p_3(z) &= z^{12} + z^9 + z^8 + z^6 + z^5 + z^4 + z^3 + z, \\ p_4(z) &= z^{10} + z^9 + z^5 + z^4 + z^3 + z + 1. \end{aligned}$$

2. PROOF

Define the sequences of polynomials $(P_n(z))_{n \geq 0}$ and $(Q_n(z))_{n \geq 0}$ by

$$\begin{pmatrix} P_n(z) & Q_n(z) \\ P_{n-1}(z) & Q_{n-1}(z) \end{pmatrix} := \begin{pmatrix} t_n(z) & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} t_{n-1}(z) & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdots \begin{pmatrix} t_0(z) & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

By the basic properties of continued fractions, we have

$$(2.1) \quad \text{CF}_n(a, b) = \frac{P_n(z)}{Q_n(z)} \in \mathbb{F}_2((1/z)).$$

As formula (2.1) is not efficient for calculating $\text{CF}_n(a, b)$, a fast method is to be derived and described as follows. Define

$$\begin{aligned} M_n(x) &= x^{\deg(t_{2^n-1})} \begin{pmatrix} t_{2^n-1}(1/x) & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \times x^{\deg(t_{2^n-2})} \begin{pmatrix} t_{2^n-2}(1/x) & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \times \\ &\quad \cdots \times x^{\deg(t_0)} \begin{pmatrix} t_0(1/x) & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \\ W_n(x) &= x^{\deg(\bar{t}_{2^n-1})} \begin{pmatrix} \bar{t}_{2^n-1}(1/x) & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \times x^{\deg(\bar{t}_{2^n-2})} \begin{pmatrix} \bar{t}_{2^n-2}(1/x) & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \times \\ &\quad \cdots \times x^{\deg(\bar{t}_0)} \begin{pmatrix} \bar{t}_0(1/x) & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \end{aligned}$$

where $\bar{t}$ is the (b, a) -Thue-Morse sequence. By the properties of the Thue-Morse sequence, we have for $n \geq 0$

$$\begin{aligned} M_{n+1}(x) &= W_n(x) \cdot M_n(x), \\ W_{n+1}(x) &= M_n(x) \cdot W_n(x). \end{aligned}$$

Let $x := 1/z$. For each non-zero polynomial $P(z)$, define $\tilde{P}(x)$ to be $P(1/x)$. Then,

$$\text{CF}_n(a, b) = \frac{P_n(z)}{Q_n(z)} = \frac{\tilde{P}_n(x)}{\tilde{Q}_n(x)} \in \mathbb{F}_2((x)) = \mathbb{F}_2((1/z)).$$

Comparing the definition of $M_n(x)$ with the definition of $P_n(x)$ and $Q_n(x)$, we see that

$$\begin{aligned} M_n(x)_{0,1} &= x^{d_n} \tilde{P}_{2^n-1}(x), \\ M_n(x)_{0,0} &= x^{d_n} \tilde{Q}_{2^n-1}(x), \end{aligned}$$

for some positive integer d_n . Hence,

$$(2.2) \quad \text{CF}_{2^{2^n}-1}(a, b) = \frac{\tilde{P}_{2^{2^n}-1}(x)}{\tilde{Q}_{2^{2^n}-1}(x)} = \frac{M_{2^n}(x)_{0,1}}{M_{2^n}(x)_{0,0}}.$$

Therefore, by the convergence theorem of continued fraction, the algebraicity of $\text{CF}(a, b)$ will be established if it is shown that both $M_{2^n}(x)_{0,1}$ and $M_{2^n}(x)_{0,0}$ converge to algebraic series in $\mathbb{F}_2[[x]]$.

Actually, we will prove that for all $0 \leq i, j \leq 1$ the four sequences $(M_{2^n}(x)_{i,j})_n$, $(M_{2^{n+1}}(x)_{i,j})_n$, $(W_{2^n}(x)_{i,j})_n$, and $(W_{2^{n+1}}(x)_{i,j})_n$ converge to algebraic series in $\mathbb{F}_2[[x]]$. For this purpose, we define four 2×2 matrices M^e, M^o, W^e, W^o as follows: For each $T \in \{M^e, M^o, W^e, W^o\}$ and $0 \leq i, j \leq 1$, $T_{i,j}$ is defined to be the unique solution in $\mathbb{F}_2[[x]]$ of the polynomial $\phi(T, i, j)$ under certain initial conditions; the polynomials $\phi(T, i, j)$ and initial conditions are given in Section 3. We will prove that these four matrices, whose components are algebraic by definition, are the limits of $(M_{2^n}(x))_n$, $(M_{2^{n+1}}(x))_n$, $(W_{2^n}(x))_n$, and $(W_{2^{n+1}}(x))_n$.

Let us explain how the polynomials $\phi(T, i, j)$ and initial conditions are found, and why the solutions exist and are unique. For $0 \leq i, j \leq 1$, the coefficients of the polynomial $\phi(M^e, i, j)$ (resp. $\phi(M^o, i, j)$, $\phi(W^e, i, j)$, and $\phi(W^o, i, j)$) are the Padé-Hermite approximants of type

$$(125, 125, 125, 125, 125)$$

of the vector

$$(1, T^3, T^6, T^9, T^{12}),$$

where $T = M_{12,i,j}$ (resp. $M_{11,i,j}$, $W_{12,i,j}$, and $W_{11,i,j}$), found by the Derksen algorithm. We take the first 8 terms of $M_{12,i,j}$ (resp. $M_{11,i,j}$, $W_{12,i,j}$, and $W_{11,i,j}$) as initial conditions for $\phi(M^e, i, j)$ (resp. $\phi(M^o, i, j)$, $\phi(W^e, i, j)$, and $\phi(W^o, i, j)$). The following fact will be used to ensure that the solution exists and is unique: let $P(x, y) \in \mathbb{F}_2[x, y]$ and for each series $f(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n \in \mathbb{F}_2[[x]]$ denote the partial sum $\sum_{j=0}^{n-1} a_j x^j$ by $f_n(x)$ for $n \geq 0$. If for some $n \geq 0$ and $a_0, a_1, \dots, a_{n-1} \in \mathbb{F}_2$ $P(x, \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} a_j x^j) = O(x^n)$ and $Q(x, y) := P(x, \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} a_j x^j + x^n y)$ can be written as $x^m \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} q_j(x) y^j$ where $q_j(x)$ are polynomials for $j \geq 0$, $q_1(0) = 1$, and $q_j(0) = 0$ for $j > 1$, then there exists a unique solution $f(x) \in \mathbb{F}_2[[x]]$ of $P(x, f(x)) = 0$ that satisfies the initial condition $f_n(x) = \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} a_j x^j$.

We state two lemmas concerning the four matrices M^e, M^o, W^e, W^o . The first one is about relations between them; the second, about the structure of the each matrix.

Lemma 2.1. *We have*

$$(2.3) \quad M^e = W^o \cdot M^o,$$

$$(2.4) \quad M^o = W^e \cdot M^e,$$

$$(2.5) \quad W^e = M^o \cdot W^o,$$

$$(2.6) \quad W^o = M^e \cdot W^e.$$

Proof. We give the proof of the identity

$$M_{0,0}^e = W_{0,0}^o M_{0,0}^o + W_{0,1}^o M_{1,0}^o,$$

the proofs of the others being similar.

First, we compute the minimal polynomials of $W_{0,0}^o M_{0,0}^o$ and $W_{0,1}^o M_{1,0}^o$. We know that

$$P(x, y) = \text{Res}_z (\phi(W^o, 0, 0)(x, z), z^{12} \cdot \phi(M^o, 0, 0)(x, y/z))$$

is an annihilating polynomial of $W_{0,0}^o M_{0,0}^o$. We use Padé-Hermite approximation to find a candidate for the minimal polynomial of $W_{0,0}^o M_{0,0}^o$, that will be called $\phi_0(x, y)$. To prove that $\phi_0(x, y)$ is indeed the minimal polynomial, it suffices to prove that it is an irreducible factor of $P(x, y)$ of multiplicity m and that $Q(x, y) := P(x, y)/\phi_0(x, y)^m$ is not an annihilating polynomial of $W_{0,0}^o M_{0,0}^o$. We verify the first point directly. For the second point, we truncate $W_{0,0}^o M_{0,0}^o$ to order 450 and substitute it for y in $Q(x, y)$. We get a series of valuation less than 450, which proves that $Q(x, y)$ is not an annihilating polynomial of $W_{0,0}^o M_{0,0}^o$. We find the minimal polynomial $\phi_1(x, y)$ of $W_{0,1}^o M_{1,0}^o$ in a similar way.

Now we prove that $\phi(M^e, 0, 0)$ is the minimal polynomial of $W_{0,0}^o M_{0,0}^o + W_{0,1}^o M_{1,0}^o$. We know that

$$S(x, y) = \text{Res}_z (\phi_0(x, z), \phi_1(x, y + z))$$

is an annihilating of $W_{0,0}^o M_{0,0}^o + W_{0,1}^o M_{1,0}^o$. We verify that $\phi(M^e, 0, 0)$ is an irreducible factor of $S(x, y)$ of multiplicity μ , and that $Q(x, y) := S(x, y)/\phi(M^e, 0, 0)^\mu$ is not an annihilating polynomial of $W_{0,0}^o M_{0,0}^o + W_{0,1}^o M_{1,0}^o$. To see the last point, we truncate $W_{0,0}^o M_{0,0}^o + W_{0,1}^o M_{1,0}^o$ to order 550 and substitute it for y in $Q(x, y)$. We get a series of valuation less than 550, and therefore $Q(x, y)$ is not an annihilating polynomial of $W_{0,0}^o M_{0,0}^o + W_{0,1}^o M_{1,0}^o$.

Finally, the first 16 terms of $M_{0,0}^e$ and $W_{0,0}^o M_{0,0}^o + W_{0,1}^o M_{1,0}^o$ coincide. As these first terms determine a unique solution of $\phi(M^e, 0, 0)$, we know that the two series are one and the same. $\square$

Define

$$R^e = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad R^o = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Lemma 2.2. *For all integers $k \geq 2$ and $u = 2^{2k-1}$, the following identities hold.*

$$\begin{aligned} M^e[:10u] &= M^e[:5u] + x^u M^e[:4u] + x^{3u} M^e[:2u] + x^u M^e[:5u] + x^{2u} M^e[:4u] \\ &\quad + x^{4u} M^e[:2u] + x^{2u} M^e[:5u] + x^{3u} M^e[:4u] + x^{5u} M^e[:2u] \\ &\quad + x^{4u} M^e[:5u] + x^{5u} M^e[:4u] + x^{7u} M^e[:2u] + x^{5u} M^e[:5u] \\ &\quad + x^{6u} M^e[:4u] + x^{7u} M^e[:3u] + x^{9u} M^e[:u] \\ &\quad + (x^{5u} + x^{6u} + x^{7u} + x^{9u}) R^e, \\ W^e[:10u] &= W^e[:5u] + x^u W^e[:4u] + x^{3u} W^e[:2u] + x^u W^e[:5u] + x^{2u} W^e[:4u] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + x^{4u}W^e[:2u] + x^{2u}W^e[:5u] + x^{3u}W^e[:4u] + x^{5u}W^e[:2u] \\
& + x^{4u}W^e[:5u] + x^{5u}W^e[:4u] + x^{7u}W^e[:2u] + x^{5u}W^e[:5u] \\
& + x^{6u}W^e[:4u] + x^{7u}W^e[:3u] + x^{9u}W^e[:u] \\
& + (x^{5u} + x^{6u} + x^{7u} + x^{9u})R^e.
\end{aligned}$$

For all integers $k \geq 2$ and $u = 2^{2k}$, the following identities hold.

$$\begin{aligned}
M^o[:10u] &= M^o[:5u] + x^u M^o[:4u] + x^{3u} M^o[:2u] + x^u M^o[:5u] + x^{2u} M^o[:4u] \\
&+ x^{4u} M^o[:2u] + x^{2u} M^o[:5u] + x^{3u} M^o[:4u] + x^{5u} M^o[:2u] \\
&+ x^{4u} M^o[:5u] + x^{5u} M^o[:4u] + x^{7u} M^o[:2u] + x^{5u} M^o[:5u] \\
&+ x^{6u} M^o[:4u] + x^{7u} M^o[:3u] + x^{9u} M^o[:u] \\
&+ (x^{5u} + x^{6u} + x^{7u} + x^{9u})R^o, \\
W^o[:10u] &= W^o[:5u] + x^u W^o[:4u] + x^{3u} W^o[:2u] + x^u W^o[:5u] + x^{2u} W^o[:4u] \\
&+ x^{4u} W^o[:2u] + x^{2u} W^o[:5u] + x^{3u} W^o[:4u] + x^{5u} W^o[:2u] \\
&+ x^{4u} W^o[:5u] + x^{5u} W^o[:4u] + x^{7u} W^o[:2u] + x^{5u} W^o[:5u] \\
&+ x^{6u} W^o[:4u] + x^{7u} W^o[:3u] + x^{9u} W^o[:u] \\
&+ (x^{5u} + x^{6u} + x^{7u} + x^{9u})R^o.
\end{aligned}$$

Proof. To prove Lemma 2.2 we first construct an automaton for each sequence concerned, and then transform the conditions on infinitely many k 's into finitely many conditions on the states of the automaton. In the following, we will prove that for $T = M_{0,0}^o$, for all integer $k \geq 2$ and $u = 2^{2k}$,

$$\begin{aligned}
T[:10u] &= T[:5u] + x^u T[:4u] + x^{3u} T[:2u] + x^u T[:5u] + x^{2u} T[:4u] + x^{4u} T[:2u] \\
&+ x^{2u} T[:5u] + x^{3u} T[:4u] + x^{5u} T[:2u] + x^{4u} T[:5u] + x^{5u} T[:4u] \\
&+ x^{7u} T[:2u] + x^{5u} T[:5u] + x^{6u} T[:4u] + x^{7u} T[:3u] + x^{9u} T[:u].
\end{aligned}$$

The proof of the other 15 cases are similar. We break down the above identity into 5 parts:

$$\begin{aligned}
0 &= x^{5u}T[:u] + x^{3u}T[2u:3u] + x^uT[4u:5u] + T[5u:6u], \\
0 &= x^{6u}T[:u] + x^{5u}T[u:2u] + x^{4u}T[2u:3u] + x^{3u}T[3u:4u] \\
&+ x^{2u}T[4u:5u] + T[6u:7u], \\
0 &= x^{6u}T[u:2u] + x^{4u}T[3u:4u] + T[7u:8u], \\
0 &= x^{6u}T[2u:3u] + x^{4u}T[4u:5u] + T[8u:9u], \\
0 &= x^{9u}T[:u] + x^{7u}T[2u:3u] + x^{6u}T[3u:4u] + x^{5u}T[4u:5u] \\
&+ T[9u:10u],
\end{aligned}$$

which can be rewritten as

$$(2.7) \quad 0 = T[[w]_2] + T[[10w]_2] + T[[100w]_2] + T[[101w]_2],$$

$$0 = T[[w]_2] + T[[1w]_2] + T[[10w]_2] + T[[11w]_2] + T[[100w]_2]$$

$$(2.8) \quad + T[[110w]_2],$$

$$(2.9) \quad 0 = T[[1w]_2] + T[[11w]_2] + T[[111w]_2],$$

$$(2.10) \quad 0 = T[[10w]_2] + T[[100w]_2] + T[[1000w]_2],$$

$$(2.11) \quad 0 = T[[w]_2] + T[[10w]_2] + T[[11w]_2] + T[[100w]_2] + T[[1001w]_2],$$

for all binary word w of length $2k$ and $w \neq 0^{2k}$, and

$$(2.12) \quad 0 = T[[w]_2] + T[[10w]_2] + T[[100w]_2] + T[[101w]_2],$$

$$0 = T[[w]_2] + T[[1w]_2] + T[[10w]_2] + T[[11w]_2] + T[[100w]_2]$$

$$(2.13) \quad + T[[110w]_2],$$

$$(2.14) \quad 0 = T[[1w]_2] + T[[11w]_2] + T[[111w]_2],$$

$$(2.15) \quad 0 = T[[10w]_2] + T[[100w]_2] + T[[1000w]_2],$$

$$(2.16) \quad 0 = T[[w]_2] + T[[10w]_2] + T[[11w]_2] + T[[100w]_2] + T[[1001w]_2],$$

for $w = 0^{2k}$.

First we calculate an 2-automaton that generates T from its minimal polynomial and its first terms. This automaton has 252 states; its transition function and output function can be found in the annex. Let $A(s, w)$ denote the state reached after reading w from right to left starting from the state s , and τ the output function. Define

$$E_{2k} = \{A(i, w) : |w| = 2k, w \neq 0^{2k}\}.$$

Identities (2.7) through (2.16) can be written as

$$(2.17) \quad 0 = \tau(A(s, \epsilon)) + \tau(A(s, 10)) + \tau(A(s, 100)) + \tau(A(s, 101)),$$

$$0 = \tau(A(s, \epsilon)) + \tau(A(s, 1)) + \tau(A(s, 10)) + \tau(A(s, 11)) + \tau(A(s, 100))$$

$$(2.18) \quad + \tau(A(s, 110)),$$

$$(2.19) \quad 0 = \tau(A(s, 1)) + \tau(A(s, 11)) + \tau(A(s, 111)),$$

$$(2.20) \quad 0 = \tau(A(s, 10)) + \tau(A(s, 100)) + \tau(A(s, 1000)),$$

$$0 = \tau(A(s, \epsilon)) + \tau(A(s, 10)) + \tau(A(s, 11)) + \tau(A(s, 100))$$

$$(2.21) \quad + \tau(A(s, 1001)),$$

for all $s \in E_{2k}$, and

$$(2.22) \quad 0 = \tau(A(s, \epsilon)) + \tau(A(s, 10)) + \tau(A(s, 100)) + \tau(A(s, 101)),$$

$$0 = \tau(A(s, \epsilon)) + \tau(A(s, 1)) + \tau(A(s, 10)) + \tau(A(s, 11)) + \tau(A(s, 100))$$

$$(2.23) \quad + \tau(A(s, 110)),$$

$$(2.24) \quad 0 = \tau(A(s, 1)) + \tau(A(s, 11)) + \tau(A(s, 111)),$$

$$(2.25) \quad 0 = \tau(A(s, 10)) + \tau(A(s, 100)) + \tau(A(s, 1000)),$$

$$0 = \tau(A(s, \epsilon)) + \tau(A(s, 10)) + \tau(A(s, 11)) + \tau(A(s, 100))$$

$$(2.26) \quad + \tau(A(s, 1001)),$$

for $s = A(i, 0^{2k})$. We find that $(A(i, 0^{16}), E_{16}) = (A(i, 0^{12}), E_{12})$, so that we only have to verify that identities (2.17) through (2.26) hold for $2 \leq k \leq 8$, which turns out to be true. $\square$

In the following lemma, we express M_{2k} , M_{2k+1} , W_{2k} , and W_{2k+1} in terms of M^e , M^o , W^e , and W^o .

Lemma 2.3. *For all integer $k \geq 2$, and $u = 2^{2k-1}$,*

$$\begin{aligned} M_{2k} &= M^e[:5u] + x^u M^e[:4u] + x^{3u} M^e[:2u] + x^{5u} R^e, \\ W_{2k} &= W^e[:5u] + x^u W^e[:4u] + x^{3u} W^e[:2u] + x^{5u} R^e. \end{aligned}$$

For all integer $k \geq 2$, and $u = 2^{2k}$,

$$\begin{aligned} M_{2k+1} &= M^o[:5u] + x^u M^o[:4u] + x^{3u} M^o[:2u] + x^{5u} R^o, \\ W_{2k+1} &= W^o[:5u] + x^u W^o[:4u] + x^{3u} W^o[:2u] + x^{5u} R^o. \end{aligned}$$

Proof. We call the four identities in Lemma 2.3 also by the name M_{2k} , W_{2k} , M_{2k+1} , and W_{2k+1} . For $n = 2$, the identities can be verified directly. For $n \geq 2$, we claim that

$$\begin{aligned} M_{2k} \wedge W_{2k} &\Rightarrow M_{2k+1} \wedge W_{2k+1}, \\ M_{2k+1} \wedge W_{2k+1} &\Rightarrow M_{2k+2} \wedge W_{2k+2}. \end{aligned}$$

We give the proof of

$$M_{2k} \wedge W_{2k} \Rightarrow M_{2k+1},$$

the other ones being similar. Set $u = 2^{2k}$ and $v = 2^{2k-1}$. By definition and induction hypothesis, the left side of identity M_{2k+1} is equal to

$$\begin{aligned} (2.27) \quad W_{2k} M_{2k} &= (W^e[:5v] + x^v W^e[:4v] + x^{3v} W^e[:2v] + x^{5v} R^e) \times (M^e[:5v] \\ &\quad + x^v M^e[:4v] + x^{3v} M^e[:2v] + x^{5v} R^e); \end{aligned}$$

Call this expression *lhs*. Note that both sides of identity M_{2k+1} have the same term of highest degree $x^{10v} R^o$. Therefore we only need to prove that their difference is $O(x^{10v})$. Using Lemma 2.1 it can be seen that the right side of identity M_{2k+1} is congruent, modulo x^{10v} , to

$$W^e[:10v] M^e[:10v] + x^{2v} W^e[:8v] M^e[:8v] + x^{6v} W^e[:4v] M^e[:4v].$$

For all $n \leq 10$, replace the occurrences of $W^e[:n \cdot v]$ and $M^e[:n \cdot v]$ in the above expression by the reduction modulo $x^{n \cdot v}$ of the right side of the corresponding identity in Lemma 2.2 and get a new expression, which we call *rhs*. Define

$$\begin{aligned} X &:= x^v, \\ a_n &:= W^e[n \cdot v : (n+1) \cdot v] / X^n, \\ b_n &:= M^e[n \cdot v : (n+1) \cdot v] / X^n, \\ c &:= R^e. \end{aligned}$$

Using the notation introduced above, we can represent the expressions *lhs* (2.27) and *rhs* as polynomials in $\mathbb{F}_2[a_1, \dots, a_{10}, b_1, \dots, b_{10}, c][X]$. Note that it is not a problem that a_j commutes with b_k while W^e does not commute with M^e , because in the expressions concerned, the products of W^e -terms and M^e -terms are always in the same order. We let the computer do the simplification and check that the difference between these two polynomials is indeed $O(X^{10})$, which completes the proof. $\square$

Proof of Theorem 1.1. We prove the theorem for $\text{CF}(a, b)$; for $\text{CF}(b, a)$, the proof is similar. By Lemma 2.3, we have For all $0 \leq j, k \leq 1$,

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} M_{2n, j, k} &= M_{j, k}^e, \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} M_{2n+1, j, k} &= M_{j, k}^o, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} W_{2n,j,k} &= W_{j,k}^e, \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} W_{2n+1,j,k} &= W_{j,k}^o.\end{aligned}$$

Let $z = 1/x$. By the convergence theorem and identity (2.2),

$$\text{CF}(a, b) = \frac{M_{0,1}^e(x)}{M_{0,0}^e(x)}.$$

By definition, $\phi(M^e, 0, 1)$ and $\phi(M^e, 0, 0)$ are minimal polynomials of $M_{0,1}^e$ and $M_{0,0}^e$. Therefore

$$P(x, y) = \text{Res}_t (\phi(M^e, 0, 1)(x, t), y^{12} \phi(M^e, 0, 1)(x, t/y))$$

is an annihilating polynomial of $f(x) = M_{0,1}^e/M_{0,0}^e$.

Define

$$Q(x, y) = q_4(x)y^4 + q_3(x)y^3 + q_2(x)y^2 + q_1(x)y + q_0(x),$$

where

$$\begin{aligned}q_0(x) &= x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12} + x^{11} + x^9 + x^6 + x^5, \\ q_1(x) &= x^{13} + x^{11} + x^{10} + x^9 + x^8 + x^6 + x^5 + x^2, \\ q_2(x) &= x^{12} + x^8 + x^2 + 1, \\ q_3(x) &= x^{13} + x^{11} + x^{10} + x^9 + x^8 + x^6 + x^5 + x^2, \\ q_4(x) &= x^{13} + x^{12} + x^{11} + x^9 + x^8 + x^5 + x^4.\end{aligned}$$

The polynomial $Q(x, y)$ is the candidate for the minimal polynomial of $f(x)$ found by Padé-Hermite approximation. To prove that it is indeed the minimal polynomial of $f(x)$, we only need to prove that it is an irreducible factor of $P(x, y)$ of multiplicity m and $R(x, y) := P(x, y)/Q(x, y)^m$ is not an annihilating polynomial of $f(x)$. We verify the first point directly. For the second point, we find that when we truncate $f(x)$ to order 156, and substitute it for y in $R(z, y)$, we get a series with valuation smaller than 156, which proves that $R(z, y)$ is not an annihilating polynomial of $f(x)$. Finally, $z^{12}Q(1/z, y)$ is the minimal polynomial of $\text{CF}(a, b) = f(1/z)$. $\square$

3. ANNEXE

All 16 polynomials are of the form

$$p_0(x) + p_3(x)y^3 + p_6(x)y^6 + p_9(x)y^9 + p_{12}(x)y^{12}.$$

The coefficients $p_j(x)$ and the 16 initial terms to determine the solutions uniquely are given below.

For $\phi(M^e, 0, 0)$:

$$\begin{aligned}p_0(x) &= x^{78} + x^{76} + x^{72} + x^{70} + x^{64} + x^{62} + x^{60} + x^{58} + x^{54} + x^{50} + x^{48} \\ &\quad + x^{42} + x^{36} + x^{34} + x^{32} + x^{30} + x^{28} + x^{26} + x^{24}, \\ p_3(x) &= x^{72} + x^{68} + x^{60} + x^{54} + x^{52} + x^{50} + x^{48} + x^{42} + x^{40} + x^{36} + x^{34} \\ &\quad + x^{32} + x^{30} + x^{22} + x^{18} + x^{14}, \\ p_6(x) &= x^{74} + x^{66} + x^{64} + x^{58} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{48} + x^{44} + x^{42} + x^{40} + x^{36} \\ &\quad + x^{32} + x^{30} + x^{28} + x^{22} + x^{16} + x^{14} + x^{12} + x^8 + 1, \\ p_9(x) &= x^{76} + x^{74} + x^{70} + x^{68} + x^{66} + x^{60} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{50} + x^{42} + x^{40}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + x^{34} + x^{30} + x^{22} + x^{20} + x^{16} + x^{12} + x^{10} + x^8 + x^4, \\
p_{12}(x) &= x^{76} + x^{72} + x^{52} + x^{48} + x^{44} + x^{40} + x^{28} + x^{24} + x^{20} + x^{16} + x^4 + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]$.

For $\phi(M^e, 0, 1)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
p_0(x) &= x^{75} + x^{74} + x^{71} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{60} \\
&+ x^{59} + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{53} + x^{50} + x^{47} + x^{44} + x^{40} + x^{39} + x^{38} \\
&+ x^{35} + x^{33} + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{30} + x^{28} + x^{27}, \\
p_3(x) &= x^{73} + x^{72} + x^{71} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{59} \\
&+ x^{58} + x^{49} + x^{48} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{45} + x^{44} + x^{43} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} \\
&+ x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{33} + x^{32} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{23} + x^{22} + x^{19} + x^{18}, \\
p_6(x) &= x^{72} + x^{71} + x^{70} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{60} + x^{59} + x^{57} + x^{56} \\
&+ x^{54} + x^{53} + x^{52} + x^{48} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{36} + x^{35} \\
&+ x^{34} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{27} + x^{26} + x^{24} + x^{23} + x^{21} + x^{19} + x^{17} + x^{16} \\
&+ x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12}, \\
p_9(x) &= x^{71} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{51} + x^{50} + x^{49} \\
&+ x^{48} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{39} + x^{38} + x^{33} + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{30} \\
&+ x^{27} + x^{26} + x^{19} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{13} + x^{12} + x^7 + x^6, \\
p_{12}(x) &= x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{62} + x^{61} + x^{60} + x^{58} + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{50} + x^{49} \\
&+ x^{48} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{26} + x^{25} + x^{24} + x^{22} \\
&+ x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12} + x^{10} + x^9 + x^8 + x^2 \\
&+ x + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1]$.

For $\phi(M^e, 1, 0)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
p_0(x) &= x^{75} + x^{74} + x^{71} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{60} \\
&+ x^{59} + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{53} + x^{50} + x^{47} + x^{44} + x^{40} + x^{39} + x^{38} \\
&+ x^{35} + x^{33} + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{30} + x^{28} + x^{27}, \\
p_3(x) &= x^{73} + x^{72} + x^{71} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{59} \\
&+ x^{58} + x^{49} + x^{48} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{45} + x^{44} + x^{43} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} \\
&+ x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{33} + x^{32} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{23} + x^{22} + x^{19} + x^{18}, \\
p_6(x) &= x^{72} + x^{71} + x^{70} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{60} + x^{59} + x^{57} + x^{56} \\
&+ x^{54} + x^{53} + x^{52} + x^{48} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{36} + x^{35} \\
&+ x^{34} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{27} + x^{26} + x^{24} + x^{23} + x^{21} + x^{19} + x^{17} + x^{16} \\
&+ x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12}, \\
p_9(x) &= x^{71} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{51} + x^{50} + x^{49} \\
&+ x^{48} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{39} + x^{38} + x^{33} + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{30}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + x^{27} + x^{26} + x^{19} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{13} + x^{12} + x^7 + x^6, \\
p_{12}(x) = & x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{62} + x^{61} + x^{60} + x^{58} + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{50} + x^{49} \\
& + x^{48} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{26} + x^{25} + x^{24} + x^{22} \\
& + x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12} + x^{10} + x^9 + x^8 + x^2 \\
& + x + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1]$.

For $\phi(M^e, 1, 1)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
p_0(x) = & x^{72} + x^{66} + x^{64} + x^{62} + x^{60} + x^{58} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{48} + x^{46} + x^{36} \\
& + x^{34} + x^{30}, \\
p_3(x) = & x^{66} + x^{64} + x^{60} + x^{56} + x^{52} + x^{50} + x^{48} + x^{36} + x^{32} + x^{26} + x^{18} \\
& + x^{12}, \\
p_6(x) = & x^{66} + x^{40} + x^{36} + x^{34} + x^{28} + x^{26} + x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{16} + x^{10} + x^8 + x^4 \\
& + x^2 + 1, \\
p_9(x) = & x^{64} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{50} + x^{48} + x^{42} + x^{38} + x^{36} + x^{34} + x^{32} + x^{28} \\
& + x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{14} + x^6 + x^4, \\
p_{12}(x) = & x^{64} + x^{62} + x^{58} + x^{54} + x^{50} + x^{48} + x^{32} + x^{30} + x^{26} + x^{22} + x^{18} \\
& + x^{14} + x^{10} + x^6 + x^2 + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0]$.

For $\phi(W^e, 0, 0)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
p_0(x) = & x^{72} + x^{68} + x^{64} + x^{62} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{48} + x^{44} + x^{42} + x^{38} + x^{36} \\
& + x^{32} + x^{30} + x^{28} + x^{24}, \\
p_3(x) = & x^{66} + x^{64} + x^{62} + x^{58} + x^{54} + x^{50} + x^{48} + x^{38} + x^{34} + x^{24} + x^{16} \\
& + x^{14}, \\
p_6(x) = & x^{66} + x^{62} + x^{56} + x^{52} + x^{50} + x^{48} + x^{40} + x^{38} + x^{36} + x^{34} + x^{32} \\
& + x^{30} + x^{22} + x^{16} + x^{12} + x^4 + x^2 + 1, \\
p_9(x) = & x^{64} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{50} + x^{48} + x^{42} + x^{38} + x^{36} + x^{34} + x^{32} + x^{28} \\
& + x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{14} + x^6 + x^4, \\
p_{12}(x) = & x^{64} + x^{62} + x^{58} + x^{54} + x^{50} + x^{48} + x^{32} + x^{30} + x^{26} + x^{22} + x^{18} \\
& + x^{14} + x^{10} + x^6 + x^2 + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0]$.

For $\phi(W^e, 0, 1)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
p_0(x) = & x^{75} + x^{72} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{65} + x^{64} + x^{62} + x^{60} + x^{59} + x^{57} \\
& + x^{56} + x^{55} + x^{54} + x^{53} + x^{52} + x^{51} + x^{44} + x^{41} + x^{38} + x^{36} + x^{35} \\
& + x^{34} + x^{28} + x^{27}, \\
p_3(x) = & x^{73} + x^{72} + x^{71} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{59} \\
& + x^{58} + x^{49} + x^{48} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{45} + x^{44} + x^{43} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{33} + x^{32} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{23} + x^{22} + x^{19} + x^{18}, \\
p_6(x) &= x^{72} + x^{71} + x^{70} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{60} + x^{59} + x^{57} + x^{56} \\
& + x^{54} + x^{53} + x^{52} + x^{48} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{36} + x^{35} \\
& + x^{34} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{27} + x^{26} + x^{24} + x^{23} + x^{21} + x^{19} + x^{17} + x^{16} \\
& + x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12}, \\
p_9(x) &= x^{71} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{51} + x^{50} + x^{49} \\
& + x^{48} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{39} + x^{38} + x^{33} + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{30} \\
& + x^{27} + x^{26} + x^{19} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{13} + x^{12} + x^7 + x^6, \\
p_{12}(x) &= x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{62} + x^{61} + x^{60} + x^{58} + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{50} + x^{49} \\
& + x^{48} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{26} + x^{25} + x^{24} + x^{22} \\
& + x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12} + x^{10} + x^9 + x^8 + x^2 \\
& + x + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0]$.

For $\phi(W^e, 1, 0)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
p_0(x) &= x^{75} + x^{72} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{65} + x^{64} + x^{62} + x^{60} + x^{59} + x^{57} \\
& + x^{56} + x^{55} + x^{54} + x^{53} + x^{52} + x^{51} + x^{44} + x^{41} + x^{38} + x^{36} + x^{35} \\
& + x^{34} + x^{28} + x^{27}, \\
p_3(x) &= x^{73} + x^{72} + x^{71} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{59} \\
& + x^{58} + x^{49} + x^{48} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{45} + x^{44} + x^{43} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} \\
& + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{33} + x^{32} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{23} + x^{22} + x^{19} + x^{18}, \\
p_6(x) &= x^{72} + x^{71} + x^{70} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{60} + x^{59} + x^{57} + x^{56} \\
& + x^{54} + x^{53} + x^{52} + x^{48} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{36} + x^{35} \\
& + x^{34} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{27} + x^{26} + x^{24} + x^{23} + x^{21} + x^{19} + x^{17} + x^{16} \\
& + x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12}, \\
p_9(x) &= x^{71} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{51} + x^{50} + x^{49} \\
& + x^{48} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{39} + x^{38} + x^{33} + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{30} \\
& + x^{27} + x^{26} + x^{19} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{13} + x^{12} + x^7 + x^6, \\
p_{12}(x) &= x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{62} + x^{61} + x^{60} + x^{58} + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{50} + x^{49} \\
& + x^{48} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{26} + x^{25} + x^{24} + x^{22} \\
& + x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12} + x^{10} + x^9 + x^8 + x^2 \\
& + x + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0]$.

For $\phi(W^e, 1, 1)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
p_0(x) &= x^{78} + x^{74} + x^{72} + x^{68} + x^{58} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{52} + x^{50} + x^{46} + x^{42} \\
& + x^{38} + x^{34} + x^{32} + x^{30}, \\
p_3(x) &= x^{74} + x^{72} + x^{66} + x^{58} + x^{54} + x^{48} + x^{44} + x^{42} + x^{40} + x^{36} + x^{32}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + x^{30} + x^{28} + x^{22} + x^{14} + x^{12}, \\
p_6(x) &= x^{72} + x^{64} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{50} + x^{48} + x^{44} + x^{42} + x^{36} + x^{34} + x^{30} \\
& + x^{28} + x^{24} + x^{22} + x^{18} + x^{14} + x^{12} + 1, \\
p_9(x) &= x^{76} + x^{74} + x^{70} + x^{68} + x^{66} + x^{60} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{50} + x^{42} + x^{40} \\
& + x^{34} + x^{30} + x^{22} + x^{20} + x^{16} + x^{12} + x^{10} + x^8 + x^4, \\
p_{12}(x) &= x^{76} + x^{72} + x^{52} + x^{48} + x^{44} + x^{40} + x^{28} + x^{24} + x^{20} + x^{16} + x^4 + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]$.

For $\phi(M^o, 0, 0)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
p_0(x) &= x^{75} + x^{74} + x^{73} + x^{70} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{64} + x^{63} + x^{61} + x^{53} + x^{52} \\
& + x^{50} + x^{48} + x^{43} + x^{42} + x^{40} + x^{36} + x^{35} + x^{34} + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{30} \\
& + x^{27} + x^{25} + x^{24}, \\
p_3(x) &= x^{74} + x^{71} + x^{68} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{59} + x^{58} + x^{54} + x^{53} + x^{52} + x^{49} \\
& + x^{48} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{45} + x^{42} + x^{40} + x^{39} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{35} + x^{32} \\
& + x^{31} + x^{28} + x^{27} + x^{25} + x^{22} + x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{19} + x^{17} + x^{16}, \\
p_6(x) &= x^{74} + x^{71} + x^{69} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{64} + x^{62} + x^{60} + x^{58} + x^{57} \\
& + x^{51} + x^{47} + x^{45} + x^{43} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{39} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{35} \\
& + x^{33} + x^{31} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{25} + x^{22} + x^{20} + x^{19} + x^{18} + x^{16} \\
& + x^{11} + x^{10} + x^2 + x + 1, \\
p_9(x) &= x^{74} + x^{73} + x^{72} + x^{58} + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{10} + x^9 + x^8, \\
p_{12}(x) &= x^{74} + x^{73} + x^{72} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{62} + x^{61} + x^{60} + x^{50} + x^{49} \\
& + x^{48} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{26} \\
& + x^{25} + x^{24} + x^{22} + x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12} \\
& + x^2 + x + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1]$.

For $\phi(M^o, 0, 1)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
p_0(x) &= x^{76} + x^{73} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{60} + x^{59} + x^{55} + x^{54} + x^{51} \\
& + x^{50} + x^{46} + x^{45} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{39} + x^{38} + x^{35} + x^{33} + x^{31} + x^{29} \\
& + x^{27}, \\
p_3(x) &= x^{69} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{64} + x^{63} + x^{61} + x^{60} + x^{58} + x^{45} + x^{43} + x^{42} \\
& + x^{40} + x^{39} + x^{36} + x^{35} + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{28} + x^{27} + x^{24} + x^{23} + x^{21} \\
& + x^{20} + x^{18}, \\
p_6(x) &= x^{70} + x^{64} + x^{62} + x^{58} + x^{56} + x^{52} + x^{46} + x^{40} + x^{34} + x^{28} + x^{26} \\
& + x^{22} + x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{16} + x^{12}, \\
p_9(x) &= x^{71} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{64} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{61} + x^{60} \\
& + x^{59} + x^{58} + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{39} + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{35} + x^{34} + x^{33}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{27} + x^{26} + x^{25} + x^{24} + x^{23} + x^{22} \\
& + x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{19} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{15} + x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12} + x^{11} \\
& + x^{10} + x^9 + x^8 + x^6, \\
p_{12}(x) &= x^{72} + x^{68} + x^{60} + x^{48} + x^{40} + x^{36} + x^{28} + x^{24} + x^{20} + x^{16} + x^{12} + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1]$.

For $\phi(M^o, 1, 0)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
p_0(x) &= x^{78} + x^{77} + x^{76} + x^{75} + x^{72} + x^{69} + x^{65} + x^{64} + x^{61} + x^{56} + x^{52} \\
& + x^{49} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{43} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{33} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{27}, \\
p_3(x) &= x^{77} + x^{75} + x^{74} + x^{73} + x^{72} + x^{70} + x^{65} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{61} + x^{60} \\
& + x^{58} + x^{53} + x^{51} + x^{50} + x^{49} + x^{48} + x^{46} + x^{45} + x^{43} + x^{42} + x^{40} \\
& + x^{39} + x^{36} + x^{35} + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{26} + x^{25} + x^{23} + x^{22} \\
& + x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{18}, \\
p_6(x) &= x^{78} + x^{74} + x^{72} + x^{68} + x^{58} + x^{54} + x^{52} + x^{50} + x^{48} + x^{46} + x^{44} \\
& + x^{42} + x^{40} + x^{38} + x^{36} + x^{32} + x^{26} + x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{12}, \\
p_9(x) &= x^{79} + x^{77} + x^{76} + x^{74} + x^{71} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{64} \\
& + x^{62} + x^{59} + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{47} + x^{45} + x^{44} + x^{42} + x^{39} + x^{37} \\
& + x^{36} + x^{35} + x^{34} + x^{33} + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{27} + x^{26} \\
& + x^{25} + x^{24} + x^{23} + x^{22} + x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{19} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{14} \\
& + x^{11} + x^9 + x^8 + x^6, \\
p_{12}(x) &= x^{80} + x^{64} + x^{60} + x^{56} + x^{52} + x^{28} + x^{24} + x^{20} + x^{12} + x^8 + x^4 + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0]$.

For $\phi(M^o, 1, 1)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
p_0(x) &= x^{75} + x^{73} + x^{71} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{61} + x^{60} + x^{56} + x^{55} + x^{53} \\
& + x^{52} + x^{49} + x^{46} + x^{44} + x^{41} + x^{39} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{35} + x^{34} + x^{31} \\
& + x^{30}, \\
p_3(x) &= x^{74} + x^{72} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{64} + x^{62} + x^{61} + x^{60} + x^{59} \\
& + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{53} + x^{52} + x^{49} + x^{46} + x^{43} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} \\
& + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{34} + x^{30} + x^{26} + x^{25} + x^{19} + x^{18}, \\
p_6(x) &= x^{74} + x^{72} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{63} + x^{59} + x^{58} + x^{56} + x^{54} \\
& + x^{53} + x^{52} + x^{51} + x^{50} + x^{49} + x^{44} + x^{43} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{39} + x^{36} \\
& + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{27} + x^{26} + x^{25} + x^{24} + x^{23} + x^{22} + x^{21} \\
& + x^{20} + x^{16} + x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12} + x^{11} + x^9 + x^8 + x^2 + x + 1, \\
p_9(x) &= x^{74} + x^{73} + x^{72} + x^{58} + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{10} + x^9 + x^8, \\
p_{12}(x) &= x^{74} + x^{73} + x^{72} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{62} + x^{61} + x^{60} + x^{50} + x^{49} \\
& + x^{48} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{26}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + x^{25} + x^{24} + x^{22} + x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12} \\
& + x^2 + x + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1]$.

For $\phi(W^o, 0, 0)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
p_0(x) &= x^{75} + x^{74} + x^{73} + x^{70} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{64} + x^{63} + x^{61} + x^{53} + x^{52} \\
&+ x^{50} + x^{48} + x^{43} + x^{42} + x^{40} + x^{36} + x^{35} + x^{34} + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{30} \\
&+ x^{27} + x^{25} + x^{24}, \\
p_3(x) &= x^{74} + x^{71} + x^{68} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{59} + x^{58} + x^{54} + x^{53} + x^{52} + x^{49} \\
&+ x^{48} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{45} + x^{42} + x^{40} + x^{39} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{35} + x^{32} \\
&+ x^{31} + x^{28} + x^{27} + x^{25} + x^{22} + x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{19} + x^{17} + x^{16}, \\
p_6(x) &= x^{74} + x^{71} + x^{69} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{64} + x^{62} + x^{60} + x^{58} + x^{57} \\
&+ x^{51} + x^{47} + x^{45} + x^{43} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{39} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{35} \\
&+ x^{33} + x^{31} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{25} + x^{22} + x^{20} + x^{19} + x^{18} + x^{16} \\
&+ x^{11} + x^{10} + x^2 + x + 1, \\
p_9(x) &= x^{74} + x^{73} + x^{72} + x^{58} + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{10} + x^9 + x^8, \\
p_{12}(x) &= x^{74} + x^{73} + x^{72} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{62} + x^{61} + x^{60} + x^{50} + x^{49} \\
&+ x^{48} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{26} \\
&+ x^{25} + x^{24} + x^{22} + x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12} \\
&+ x^2 + x + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1]$.

For $\phi(W^o, 0, 1)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
p_0(x) &= x^{78} + x^{77} + x^{76} + x^{75} + x^{72} + x^{69} + x^{65} + x^{64} + x^{61} + x^{56} + x^{52} \\
&+ x^{49} + x^{47} + x^{46} + x^{43} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{33} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{27}, \\
p_3(x) &= x^{77} + x^{75} + x^{74} + x^{73} + x^{72} + x^{70} + x^{65} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{61} + x^{60} \\
&+ x^{58} + x^{53} + x^{51} + x^{50} + x^{49} + x^{48} + x^{46} + x^{45} + x^{43} + x^{42} + x^{40} \\
&+ x^{39} + x^{36} + x^{35} + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{26} + x^{25} + x^{23} + x^{22} \\
&+ x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{18}, \\
p_6(x) &= x^{78} + x^{74} + x^{72} + x^{68} + x^{58} + x^{54} + x^{52} + x^{50} + x^{48} + x^{46} + x^{44} \\
&+ x^{42} + x^{40} + x^{38} + x^{36} + x^{32} + x^{26} + x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{12}, \\
p_9(x) &= x^{79} + x^{77} + x^{76} + x^{74} + x^{71} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{64} \\
&+ x^{62} + x^{59} + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{47} + x^{45} + x^{44} + x^{42} + x^{39} + x^{37} \\
&+ x^{36} + x^{35} + x^{34} + x^{33} + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{27} + x^{26} \\
&+ x^{25} + x^{24} + x^{23} + x^{22} + x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{19} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{14} \\
&+ x^{11} + x^9 + x^8 + x^6, \\
p_{12}(x) &= x^{80} + x^{64} + x^{60} + x^{56} + x^{52} + x^{28} + x^{24} + x^{20} + x^{12} + x^8 + x^4 + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0]$.

For $\phi(W^o, 1, 0)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
p_0(x) &= x^{76} + x^{73} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{60} + x^{59} + x^{55} + x^{54} + x^{51} \\
&\quad + x^{50} + x^{46} + x^{45} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{39} + x^{38} + x^{35} + x^{33} + x^{31} + x^{29} \\
&\quad + x^{27}, \\
p_3(x) &= x^{69} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{64} + x^{63} + x^{61} + x^{60} + x^{58} + x^{45} + x^{43} + x^{42} \\
&\quad + x^{40} + x^{39} + x^{36} + x^{35} + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{28} + x^{27} + x^{24} + x^{23} + x^{21} \\
&\quad + x^{20} + x^{18}, \\
p_6(x) &= x^{70} + x^{64} + x^{62} + x^{58} + x^{56} + x^{52} + x^{46} + x^{40} + x^{34} + x^{28} + x^{26} \\
&\quad + x^{22} + x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{16} + x^{12}, \\
p_9(x) &= x^{71} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{64} + x^{63} + x^{62} + x^{61} + x^{60} \\
&\quad + x^{59} + x^{58} + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{39} + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{35} + x^{34} + x^{33} \\
&\quad + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{27} + x^{26} + x^{25} + x^{24} + x^{23} + x^{22} \\
&\quad + x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{19} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{15} + x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12} + x^{11} \\
&\quad + x^{10} + x^9 + x^8 + x^6, \\
p_{12}(x) &= x^{72} + x^{68} + x^{60} + x^{48} + x^{40} + x^{36} + x^{28} + x^{24} + x^{20} + x^{16} + x^{12} + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1]$.

For $\phi(W^o, 1, 1)$:

$$\begin{aligned}
p_0(x) &= x^{75} + x^{73} + x^{71} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{61} + x^{60} + x^{56} + x^{55} + x^{53} \\
&\quad + x^{52} + x^{49} + x^{46} + x^{44} + x^{41} + x^{39} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{35} + x^{34} + x^{31} \\
&\quad + x^{30}, \\
p_3(x) &= x^{74} + x^{72} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{64} + x^{62} + x^{61} + x^{60} + x^{59} \\
&\quad + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{54} + x^{53} + x^{52} + x^{49} + x^{46} + x^{43} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} \\
&\quad + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{34} + x^{30} + x^{26} + x^{25} + x^{19} + x^{18}, \\
p_6(x) &= x^{74} + x^{72} + x^{68} + x^{67} + x^{66} + x^{65} + x^{63} + x^{59} + x^{58} + x^{56} + x^{54} \\
&\quad + x^{53} + x^{52} + x^{51} + x^{50} + x^{49} + x^{44} + x^{43} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{39} + x^{36} \\
&\quad + x^{32} + x^{31} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{27} + x^{26} + x^{25} + x^{24} + x^{23} + x^{22} + x^{21} \\
&\quad + x^{20} + x^{16} + x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12} + x^{11} + x^9 + x^8 + x^2 + x + 1, \\
p_9(x) &= x^{74} + x^{73} + x^{72} + x^{58} + x^{57} + x^{56} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{10} + x^9 + x^8, \\
p_{12}(x) &= x^{74} + x^{73} + x^{72} + x^{70} + x^{69} + x^{68} + x^{62} + x^{61} + x^{60} + x^{50} + x^{49} \\
&\quad + x^{48} + x^{42} + x^{41} + x^{40} + x^{38} + x^{37} + x^{36} + x^{30} + x^{29} + x^{28} + x^{26} \\
&\quad + x^{25} + x^{24} + x^{22} + x^{21} + x^{20} + x^{18} + x^{17} + x^{16} + x^{14} + x^{13} + x^{12} \\
&\quad + x^2 + x + 1,
\end{aligned}$$

and the initial terms are $[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1]$.

Below is the transition function and output function of an 2-automaton that generates $T = M_{0,0}^o$:

Transition function $(n, j) \mapsto \delta(n, j)$ ($\Lambda(n) := [\delta(n, 0), \delta(n, 1)]$):

n	$\Lambda(n)$	n	$\Lambda(n)$	n	$\Lambda(n)$	n	$\Lambda(n)$	n	$\Lambda(n)$
0	[1, 2]	51	[4, 89]	102	[149, 150]	153	[192, 191]	204	[228, 21]
1	[3, 4]	52	[54, 90]	103	[60, 151]	154	[32, 7]	205	[229, 89]
2	[5, 6]	53	[91, 92]	104	[152, 153]	155	[193, 194]	206	[230, 78]
3	[7, 8]	54	[93, 94]	105	[154, 64]	156	[195, 37]	207	[231, 77]
4	[9, 10]	55	[95, 42]	106	[155, 156]	157	[196, 181]	208	[232, 146]
5	[2, 11]	56	[96, 97]	107	[90, 62]	158	[197, 198]	209	[82, 74]
6	[12, 13]	57	[98, 99]	108	[157, 74]	159	[199, 192]	210	[233, 16]
7	[14, 15]	58	[100, 101]	109	[158, 159]	160	[200, 198]	211	[63, 6]
8	[16, 17]	59	[102, 2]	110	[144, 66]	161	[110, 39]	212	[234, 58]
9	[18, 19]	60	[103, 104]	111	[160, 151]	162	[201, 114]	213	[135, 181]
10	[20, 21]	61	[105, 33]	112	[161, 63]	163	[202, 8]	214	[182, 31]
11	[22, 23]	62	[106, 107]	113	[162, 19]	164	[203, 100]	215	[235, 135]
12	[24, 25]	63	[13, 97]	114	[76, 71]	165	[204, 134]	216	[188, 207]
13	[26, 27]	64	[40, 94]	115	[163, 55]	166	[104, 192]	217	[191, 104]
14	[1, 28]	65	[99, 108]	116	[164, 56]	167	[205, 180]	218	[119, 92]
15	[29, 30]	66	[109, 110]	117	[83, 54]	168	[97, 43]	219	[236, 2]
16	[31, 32]	67	[44, 111]	118	[165, 166]	169	[42, 47]	220	[237, 101]
17	[33, 34]	68	[112, 51]	119	[167, 139]	170	[125, 194]	221	[30, 197]
18	[35, 36]	69	[113, 113]	120	[168, 148]	171	[94, 125]	222	[238, 43]
19	[37, 38]	70	[114, 37]	121	[70, 162]	172	[206, 207]	223	[239, 111]
20	[39, 40]	71	[38, 114]	122	[169, 140]	173	[208, 186]	224	[240, 133]
21	[41, 42]	72	[115, 116]	123	[170, 162]	174	[209, 39]	225	[134, 123]
22	[43, 44]	73	[117, 34]	124	[143, 82]	175	[210, 182]	226	[52, 188]
23	[45, 38]	74	[118, 119]	125	[171, 26]	176	[108, 36]	227	[10, 185]
24	[46, 47]	75	[120, 44]	126	[172, 153]	177	[211, 197]	228	[34, 236]
25	[48, 49]	76	[121, 113]	127	[173, 136]	178	[212, 11]	229	[241, 7]
26	[50, 32]	77	[122, 40]	128	[174, 86]	179	[21, 57]	230	[242, 236]
27	[51, 52]	78	[123, 10]	129	[175, 71]	180	[78, 64]	231	[243, 123]
28	[53, 54]	79	[124, 125]	130	[6, 150]	181	[213, 145]	232	[36, 109]
29	[55, 56]	80	[126, 110]	131	[141, 148]	182	[214, 61]	233	[244, 108]
30	[57, 58]	81	[127, 31]	132	[176, 69]	183	[150, 215]	234	[245, 41]
31	[59, 60]	82	[128, 48]	133	[177, 85]	184	[216, 217]	235	[80, 15]
32	[61, 16]	83	[129, 130]	134	[178, 163]	185	[218, 215]	236	[246, 4]
33	[62, 63]	84	[131, 100]	135	[15, 136]	186	[219, 152]	237	[247, 27]
34	[64, 3]	85	[132, 107]	136	[28, 51]	187	[89, 220]	238	[17, 68]
35	[65, 66]	86	[101, 99]	137	[107, 116]	188	[221, 83]	239	[248, 141]
36	[67, 68]	87	[133, 134]	138	[179, 52]	189	[159, 60]	240	[56, 163]
37	[69, 70]	88	[88, 88]	139	[111, 131]	190	[166, 152]	241	[146, 145]
38	[71, 69]	89	[8, 135]	140	[180, 30]	191	[153, 217]	242	[215, 77]
39	[72, 73]	90	[92, 13]	141	[47, 180]	192	[151, 166]	243	[249, 20]
40	[74, 25]	91	[136, 26]	142	[181, 182]	193	[222, 139]	244	[73, 167]

41	[75, 76]	92	[137, 138]	143	[183, 49]	194	[223, 167]	245	[250, 3]
42	[77, 78]	93	[139, 138]	144	[116, 33]	195	[19, 23]	246	[49, 133]
43	[79, 80]	94	[140, 141]	145	[184, 131]	196	[25, 61]	247	[251, 185]
44	[81, 82]	95	[142, 70]	146	[185, 48]	197	[224, 55]	248	[194, 186]
45	[23, 76]	96	[66, 143]	147	[130, 28]	198	[225, 220]	249	[207, 41]
46	[58, 83]	97	[138, 144]	148	[186, 119]	199	[217, 159]	250	[198, 106]
47	[84, 57]	98	[145, 73]	149	[187, 188]	200	[226, 62]	251	[220, 85]
48	[85, 86]	99	[27, 146]	150	[11, 130]	201	[156, 156]		
49	[86, 20]	100	[147, 143]	151	[189, 88]	202	[227, 17]		
50	[87, 88]	101	[148, 140]	152	[190, 191]	203	[68, 80]		

Output function $n \mapsto \tau(n)$:

n	$\tau(n)$	n	$\tau(n)$	n	$\tau(n)$	n	$\tau(n)$	n	$\tau(n)$	n	$\tau(n)$	n	$\tau(n)$
0	0	37	1	74	0	111	1	148	1	185	1	222	0
1	0	38	0	75	1	112	1	149	0	186	1	223	0
2	0	39	1	76	0	113	1	150	0	187	0	224	0
3	0	40	0	77	0	114	0	151	1	188	0	225	1
4	0	41	1	78	1	115	1	152	0	189	1	226	1
5	0	42	0	79	0	116	1	153	1	190	0	227	1
6	1	43	0	80	1	117	1	154	0	191	1	228	0
7	0	44	1	81	1	118	0	155	0	192	1	229	1
8	0	45	0	82	0	119	1	156	1	193	0	230	1
9	0	46	1	83	1	120	1	157	1	194	0	231	0
10	1	47	0	84	0	121	0	158	0	195	1	232	1
11	0	48	1	85	1	122	0	159	1	196	1	233	1
12	1	49	1	86	1	123	1	160	1	197	0	234	1
13	1	50	1	87	1	124	0	161	1	198	1	235	1
14	0	51	0	88	0	125	1	162	1	199	1	236	1
15	0	52	1	89	0	126	1	163	1	200	1	237	0
16	0	53	0	90	0	127	1	164	1	201	1	238	0
17	0	54	1	91	0	128	0	165	0	202	1	239	0
18	0	55	0	92	0	129	1	166	0	203	1	240	0
19	1	56	0	93	1	130	1	167	1	204	0	241	1
20	1	57	0	94	1	131	0	168	1	205	1	242	1
21	1	58	1	95	0	132	1	169	0	206	1	243	0
22	0	59	0	96	0	133	1	170	1	207	0	244	1
23	0	60	0	97	1	134	1	171	1	208	1	245	1
24	1	61	0	98	0	135	0	172	1	209	0	246	1
25	1	62	0	99	0	136	0	173	1	210	1	247	0
26	1	63	1	100	1	137	0	174	0	211	1	248	0
27	0	64	0	101	1	138	1	175	1	212	1	249	0
28	0	65	0	102	0	139	1	176	1	213	0	250	1
29	0	66	0	103	0	140	1	177	1	214	0	251	0
30	0	67	1	104	0	141	0	178	1	215	1		

31	0	68	1	105	0	142	0	179	1	216	0	
32	0	69	1	106	0	143	0	180	1	217	1	
33	0	70	0	107	0	144	1	181	0	218	1	
34	0	71	0	108	1	145	0	182	0	219	1	
35	0	72	1	109	0	146	1	183	0	220	0	
36	1	73	1	110	1	147	1	184	0	221	0	

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