

APPENDIX: EXPLICIT CONTINUED FRACTION EXPANSION FOR $(1+x)^{1/d}$ IN \mathbb{F}_2

YANN BUGEAUD AND GUO-NIU HAN

Corollary 1. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/3}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^5} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{11}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{21}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{43}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{85}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{171}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{341}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= 1+x, \quad a_2 = [3]_x \\ a_n &= (x+x^2)^{(2^{n-1}+(-1)^n)/3} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 2. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/5}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1[3]_x^4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3[3]_x^{16}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{13}[3]_x^{64}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{51}[3]_x^{256}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{205}[3]_x^{1024}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{819}[3]_x^{4096}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{3277}[3]_x^{16384}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{13107}[3]_x^{65536}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{52429}[3]_x^{262144}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= x \\ a_n &= (x+x^2)^{(2^{2n-4}-(-1)^n)/5} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{2n-4}} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 3. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/7}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[7]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^7[3]_x^{16}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^9} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{55}[3]_x^{128}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{73}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{439}[3]_x^{1024}} \right\rfloor \end{aligned}$$

$$+\left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{585}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{3511}[3]_x^{8192}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{4681}} \right\rfloor + \dots$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= 1+x, \quad a_2 = [7]_x \\ a_{2n} &= (x+x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{3n-2}+1)/7} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{3n-2}} \\ a_{2n+1} &= (x+x^2)^{(2^{3n}-1)/7} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 4. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/9}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[7]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1[7]_x^8} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^7[7]_x^{64}} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{57}[7]_x^{512}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{455}[7]_x^{4096}} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{3641}[7]_x^{32768}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{29127}[7]_x^{262144}} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{233017}[7]_x^{2097152}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1864135}[7]_x^{16777216}} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{14913081}[7]_x^{134217728}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= x \\ a_n &= (x+x^2)^{(2^{3n-6}-(-1)^n)/9} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{3n-6}} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 5. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/11}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1[7]_x^4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{29}} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{35}[7]_x^{128}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{93}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{931}} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1117}[7]_x^{4096}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{2979}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{29789}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= 1+x, \quad a_2 = [3]_x \\ a_{3n} &= (x+x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{5n-3}+(-1)^n)/11} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{5n-3}} \\ a_{3n+1} &= (x+x^2)^{(2^{5n}-(-1)^n)/11} \\ a_{3n+2} &= (x+x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{5n+1}+(-1)^n)/11} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 6. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/13}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + & \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3[7]_x^8} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^5[3]_x^{64}} \right\rfloor \\ & + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{59}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{197}[7]_x^{512}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{315}[3]_x^{4096}} \right\rfloor \\ & + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{3781}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{12603}[7]_x^{32768}} \right\rfloor \\ & + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{20165}[3]_x^{262144}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= x \\ a_{3n} &= (x+x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{6n-4} - (-1)^n)/13} \\ a_{3n+1} &= (x+x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{6n-3} + (-1)^n)/13} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{6n-3}} \\ a_{3n+2} &= (x+x^2)^{(2^{6n} - (-1)^n)/13} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{6n}} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 7. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/15}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + & \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[15]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{15}[7]_x^{32}} \right\rfloor \\ & + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{17}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{239}[7]_x^{512}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{273}} \right\rfloor \\ & + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{3823}[7]_x^{8192}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{4369}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{61167}[7]_x^{131072}} \right\rfloor \\ & + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{69905}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= 1+x, \quad a_2 = [15]_x \\ a_{2n} &= (x+x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{4n-3} + 1)/15} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{4n-3}} \\ a_{2n+1} &= (x+x^2)^{(2^{4n}-1)/15} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 8. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/17}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + & \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[15]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1[15]_x^{16}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{15}[15]_x^{256}} \right\rfloor \\ & + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{241}[15]_x^{4096}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{3855}[15]_x^{65536}} \right\rfloor \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{61681}[15]_x^{1048576}} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{986895}[15]_x^{16777216}} \right] \\
& + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{15790321}[15]_x^{268435456}} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{252645135}[15]_x^{4294967296}} \right] \\
& \quad + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{4042322161}[15]_x^{68719476736}} \right] + \dots
\end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned}
a_1 &= x \\
a_n &= (x+x^2)^{(2^{4n-8}-(-1)^n)/17} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{4n-8}}
\end{aligned}$$

Corollary 9. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/19}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1 + \left[\frac{1}{x+1} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{[3]_x} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3[3]_x^8} \right] \\
& + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^5[15]_x^{32}} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{27}} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{485}} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{539}} \right] \\
& + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1509}[3]_x^{4096}} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{2587}[15]_x^{16384}} \right] \\
& \quad + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{13797}} \right] + \dots
\end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned}
a_1 &= 1+x, \quad a_2 = [3]_x \\
a_{5n} &= (x+x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{9n-4} + (-1)^n)/19} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{9n-4}} \\
a_{5n+1} &= (x+x^2)^{(2^{9n} - (-1)^n)/19} \\
a_{5n+2} &= (x+x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{9n+1} + (-1)^n)/19} \\
a_{5n+3} &= (x+x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{9n+2} - (-1)^n)/19} \\
a_{5n+4} &= (x+x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{9n+3} + (-1)^n)/19} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{9n+3}}
\end{aligned}$$

Corollary 10. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/21}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned}
& 1 + \left[\frac{1}{x} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{[3]_x} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1[15]_x^4} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3[3]_x^{64}} \right] \\
& + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{61}[15]_x^{256}} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{195}[3]_x^{4096}} \right] \\
& + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{3901}[15]_x^{16384}} \right] + \left[\frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{12483}[3]_x^{262144}} \right]
\end{aligned}$$

$$+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{249661}[15]_x^{1048576}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{798915}[3]_x^{16777216}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{15978301}[15]_x^{67108864}} \right\rfloor + \dots$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$a_1 = x \\ a_{2n} = (x+x^2)^{(2^{6n-6}-1)/21} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{6n-6}} \\ a_{2n+1} = (x+x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{6n-4}+1)/21} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{6n-4}}$$

Corollary 11. The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/23}$ is

$$1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[7]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1[3]_x^8} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^7} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{25}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{39}[15]_x^{128}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{89}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1959}[3]_x^{4096}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{2137}[3]_x^{16384}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{14247}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{51289}} \right\rfloor + \dots$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$a_1 = 1+x, \quad a_2 = [7]_x \\ a_{6n} = (x+x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{11n-4}+1)/23} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{11n-4}} \\ a_{6n+1} = (x+x^2)^{(2^{11n}-1)/23} \\ a_{6n+2} = (x+x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{11n+1}+1)/23} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{11n+1}} \\ a_{6n+3} = (x+x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{11n+3}-1)/23} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{11n+3}} \\ a_{6n+4} = (x+x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{11n+5}+1)/23} \\ a_{6n+5} = (x+x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{11n+6}-1)/23}$$

Corollary 12. The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/25}$ is

$$1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[7]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^7} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^9} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{23}[15]_x^{64}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{41}[7]_x^{1024}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{983}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{7209}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{9175}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{23593}[15]_x^{65536}} \right\rfloor + \dots$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$a_1 = x$$

$$\begin{aligned}
a_{5n} &= (x + x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{10n-5} - (-1)^n)/25} \\
a_{5n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{10n-4} + (-1)^n)/25} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{10n-4}} \\
a_{5n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{10n} - (-1)^n)/25} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{10n}} \\
a_{5n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{10n+3} + (-1)^n)/25} \\
a_{5n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{10n+4} - (-1)^n)/25}
\end{aligned}$$

Corollary 13. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1 + x^{-1})^{1/27}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned}
1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1 [3]_x^4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3} \right\rfloor \\
+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{13} [15]_x^{32}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{19}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{493}} \right\rfloor \\
+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{531} [3]_x^{2048}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1517}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{6675} [15]_x^{16384}} \right\rfloor \\
+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{9709}} \right\rfloor + \dots
\end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned}
a_1 &= 1 + x, \quad a_2 = [3]_x \\
a_{5n} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{9n-4} + (-1)^n)/27} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{9n-4}} \\
a_{5n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{9n} - (-1)^n)/27} \\
a_{5n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{9n+1} + (-1)^n)/27} \\
a_{5n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{9n+2} - (-1)^n)/27} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{9n+2}} \\
a_{5n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{9n+4} + (-1)^n)/27}
\end{aligned}$$

Corollary 14. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1 + x^{-1})^{1/29}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned}
1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^5 [3]_x^{16}} \right\rfloor \\
+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{11} [7]_x^{64}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{53}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{459} [15]_x^{1024}} \right\rfloor \\
+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{565} [3]_x^{16384}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{15819}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{49717}} \right\rfloor + \dots
\end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned}
a_1 &= x \\
a_{7n} &= (x + x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{14n-5} - (-1)^n)/29} \\
a_{7n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{14n-4} + (-1)^n)/29} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{14n-4}}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_{7n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{14n} - (-1)^n)/29} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{14n}} \\ a_{7n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{14n+2} + (-1)^n)/29} \\ a_{7n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{14n+3} - (-1)^n)/29} \\ a_{7n+5} &= (x + x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{14n+4} + (-1)^n)/29} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{14n+4}} \\ a_{7n+6} &= (x + x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{14n+6} - (-1)^n)/29} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{14n+6}} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 15. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/31}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[31]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{31}[15]_x^{64}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{33}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{991}[15]_x^{2048}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1057}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{31711}[15]_x^{65536}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{33825}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1014751}[15]_x^{2097152}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1082401}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= 1 + x, \quad a_2 = [31]_x \\ a_{2n} &= (x + x^2)^{(15 \cdot 2^{5n-4} + 1)/31} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{5n-4}} \\ a_{2n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{5n}-1)/31} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 16. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/33}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[31]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1[31]_x^{32}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{31}[31]_x^{1024}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{993}[31]_x^{32768}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{31775}[31]_x^{1048576}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1016801}[31]_x^{33554432}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{32537631}[31]_x^{1073741824}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1041204193}[31]_x^{34359738368}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{33318534175}[31]_x^{1099511627776}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1066193093601}[31]_x^{35184372088832}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$a_1 = x$$

$$a_n = (x + x^2)^{(2^{5n-10} - (-1)^n)/33} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{5n-10}}$$

Corollary 17. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1 + x^{-1})^{1/35}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^5[7]_x^{16}} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{11}[31]_x^{128}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{117}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{3979}} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{4213}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{12171}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{20597}[7]_x^{65536}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= 1 + x, \quad a_2 = [3]_x \\ a_{6n} &= (x + x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{12n-5} + 1)/35} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{12n-5}} \\ a_{6n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{12n-1})/35} \\ a_{6n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{12n+1} + 1)/35} \\ a_{6n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{12n+2} - 1)/35} \\ a_{6n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{12n+3} + 1)/35} \\ a_{6n+5} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{12n+4} - 1)/35} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{12n+4}} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 18. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1 + x^{-1})^{1/37}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1[3]_x^4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{13}} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{19}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{45}[7]_x^{128}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{83}} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{941}[3]_x^{2048}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1107}[31]_x^{8192}} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{7085}[3]_x^{262144}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= x \\ a_{9n} &= (x + x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{18n-7} - (-1)^n)/37} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{18n-7}} \\ a_{9n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{18n-5} + (-1)^n)/37} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{18n-5}} \\ a_{9n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{18n} - (-1)^n)/37} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{18n}} \\ a_{9n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{18n+2} + (-1)^n)/37} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{18n+2}} \\ a_{9n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{18n+4} - (-1)^n)/37} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_{9n+5} &= (x + x^2)^{(15 \cdot 2^{18n+5} + (-1)^n)/37} \\ a_{9n+6} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{18n+6} - (-1)^n)/37} \\ a_{9n+7} &= (x + x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{18n+7} + (-1)^n)/37} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{18n+7}} \\ a_{9n+8} &= (x + x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{18n+10} - (-1)^n)/37} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 19. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/39}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[7]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^7} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^9[3]_x^{32}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{23}[31]_x^{128}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{105}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{3991}[3]_x^{8192}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{4201}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{28567}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{36969}[3]_x^{131072}} \right\rfloor + \cdots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= 1+x, \quad a_2 = [7]_x \\ a_{6n} &= (x + x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{12n-5} + 1)/39} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{12n-5}} \\ a_{6n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{12n}-1)/39} \\ a_{6n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(19 \cdot 2^{12n+1} + 1)/39} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{12n+1}} \\ a_{6n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{12n+3} - 1)/39} \\ a_{6n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{12n+4} + 1)/39} \\ a_{6n+5} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{12n+5} - 1)/39} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{12n+5}} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 20. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/41}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[7]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1[3]_x^8} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^7[31]_x^{32}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{25}[7]_x^{1024}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{999}[3]_x^{8192}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{7193}[31]_x^{32768}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{25575}[7]_x^{1048576}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1023001}[3]_x^{8388608}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{7365607}[31]_x^{33554432}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{26188825}[7]_x^{1073741824}} \right\rfloor + \cdots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$a_1 = x$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_{3n} &= (x + x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{10n-7} - (-1)^n)/41} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{10n-7}} \\ a_{3n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{10n-5} + (-1)^n)/41} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{10n-5}} \\ a_{3n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{10n} - (-1)^n)/41} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{10n}} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 21. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1 + x^{-1})^{1/43}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1 [31]_x^4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{125}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{131} [31]_x^{512}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{381}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{16003}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{16765} [31]_x^{65536}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{48771}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{2048381}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= 1 + x, \quad a_2 = [3]_x \\ a_{3n} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{7n-5} + (-1)^n)/43} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{7n-5}} \\ a_{3n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{7n} - (-1)^n)/43} \\ a_{3n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(21 \cdot 2^{7n+1} + (-1)^n)/43} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 22. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1 + x^{-1})^{1/45}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3 [3]_x^8} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^5} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{27}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{37} [31]_x^{128}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{91} [3]_x^{4096}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{4005}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{12379} [3]_x^{32768}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{20389}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= x \\ a_{6n} &= (x + x^2)^{(19 \cdot 2^{12n-6} - 1)/45} \\ a_{6n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{12n-5} + 1)/45} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{12n-5}} \\ a_{6n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{12n}-1)/45} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{12n}} \\ a_{6n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{12n+2} + 1)/45} \\ a_{6n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{12n+3} - 1)/45} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{12n+3}} \\ a_{6n+5} &= (x + x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{12n+5} + 1)/45} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 23. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/47}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[15]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1 [3]_x^{16}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{15} [3]_x^{64}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{49}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{207} [3]_x^{512}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{305} [7]_x^{2048}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1743}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{14641}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{18127}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{47409}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= 1+x, \quad a_2 = [15]_x \\ a_{12n} &= (x+x^2)^{(15 \cdot 2^{23n-5} + 1)/47} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{23n-5}} \\ a_{12n+1} &= (x+x^2)^{(2^{23n}-1)/47} \\ a_{12n+2} &= (x+x^2)^{(23 \cdot 2^{23n+1} + 1)/47} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{23n+1}} \\ a_{12n+3} &= (x+x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{23n+4} - 1)/47} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{23n+4}} \\ a_{12n+4} &= (x+x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{23n+6} + 1)/47} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{23n+6}} \\ a_{12n+5} &= (x+x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{23n+8} - 1)/47} \\ a_{12n+6} &= (x+x^2)^{(19 \cdot 2^{23n+9} + 1)/47} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{23n+9}} \\ a_{12n+7} &= (x+x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{23n+11} - 1)/47} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{23n+11}} \\ a_{12n+8} &= (x+x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{23n+14} + 1)/47} \\ a_{12n+9} &= (x+x^2)^{(21 \cdot 2^{23n+15} - 1)/47} \\ a_{12n+10} &= (x+x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{23n+16} + 1)/47} \\ a_{12n+11} &= (x+x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{23n+17} - 1)/47} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 24. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/49}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[15]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{15}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{17} [3]_x^{64}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{47} [7]_x^{256}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{209} [3]_x^{2048}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1839}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{6353}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{10031}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{22737} [31]_x^{65536}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$a_1 = x$$

$$\begin{aligned}
a_{10n} &= (x + x^2)^{(15 \cdot 2^{21n-6}-1)/49} \\
a_{10n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{21n-5}+1)/49} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{21n-5}} \\
a_{10n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{21n}-1)/49} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{21n}} \\
a_{10n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{21n+4}+1)/49} \\
a_{10n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(23 \cdot 2^{21n+5}-1)/49} \\
a_{10n+5} &= (x + x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{21n+6}+1)/49} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{21n+6}} \\
a_{10n+6} &= (x + x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{21n+8}-1)/49} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{21n+8}} \\
a_{10n+7} &= (x + x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{21n+11}+1)/49} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{21n+11}} \\
a_{10n+8} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{21n+13}-1)/49} \\
a_{10n+9} &= (x + x^2)^{(19 \cdot 2^{21n+14}+1)/49}
\end{aligned}$$

Corollary 25. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/51}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned}
1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3 [31]_x^8} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^5} \right\rfloor \\
+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{251}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{261}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{763} [31]_x^{2048}} \right\rfloor \\
+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1285}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{64251}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{66821}} \right\rfloor + \cdots
\end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned}
a_1 &= 1 + x, \quad a_2 = [3]_x \\
a_{4n} &= (x + x^2)^{(19 \cdot 2^{8n-5}+1)/51} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{8n-5}} \\
a_{4n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{8n}-1)/51} \\
a_{4n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(25 \cdot 2^{8n+1}+1)/51} \\
a_{4n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{8n+2}-1)/51}
\end{aligned}$$

Corollary 26. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/53}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned}
1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1 [7]_x^4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3 [15]_x^{32}} \right\rfloor \\
+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{29}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{483} [3]_x^{1024}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{541}} \right\rfloor \\
+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{3555}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{4637}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{11747}} \right\rfloor \\
+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{21021} [3]_x^{65536}} \right\rfloor + \cdots
\end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_1 &= x \\
 a_{13n} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{26n-6} - (-1)^n)/53} \\
 a_{13n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(21 \cdot 2^{26n-5} + (-1)^n)/53} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{26n-5}} \\
 a_{13n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{26n} - (-1)^n)/53} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{26n}} \\
 a_{13n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{26n+2} + (-1)^n)/53} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{26n+2}} \\
 a_{13n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{26n+5} - (-1)^n)/53} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{26n+5}} \\
 a_{13n+5} &= (x + x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{26n+9} + (-1)^n)/53} \\
 a_{13n+6} &= (x + x^2)^{(25 \cdot 2^{26n+10} - (-1)^n)/53} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{26n+10}} \\
 a_{13n+7} &= (x + x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{26n+12} + (-1)^n)/53} \\
 a_{13n+8} &= (x + x^2)^{(23 \cdot 2^{26n+13} - (-1)^n)/53} \\
 a_{13n+9} &= (x + x^2)^{(15 \cdot 2^{26n+14} + (-1)^n)/53} \\
 a_{13n+10} &= (x + x^2)^{(19 \cdot 2^{26n+15} - (-1)^n)/53} \\
 a_{13n+11} &= (x + x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{26n+16} + (-1)^n)/53} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{26n+16}} \\
 a_{13n+12} &= (x + x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{26n+18} - (-1)^n)/53} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{26n+18}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 27. The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/55}$ is

$$\begin{aligned}
 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[7]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1 [15]_x^8} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^7 [3]_x^{128}} \right\rfloor \\
 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{121}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{391}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{633}} \right\rfloor \\
 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1415} [3]_x^{4096}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{2681}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{13703} [31]_x^{32768}} \right\rfloor \\
 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{19065}} \right\rfloor + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_1 &= 1 + x, \quad a_2 = [7]_x \\
 a_{10n} &= (x + x^2)^{(23 \cdot 2^{20n-5} + 1)/55} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{20n-5}} \\
 a_{10n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{20n}-1)/55} \\
 a_{10n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(27 \cdot 2^{20n+1} + 1)/55} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{20n+1}} \\
 a_{10n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{20n+3} - 1)/55} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{20n+3}} \\
 a_{10n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{20n+7} + 1)/55} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{20n+7}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
a_{10n+5} &= (x + x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{20n+9} - 1)/55} \\
a_{10n+6} &= (x + x^2)^{(21 \cdot 2^{20n+10} + 1)/55} \\
a_{10n+7} &= (x + x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{20n+11} - 1)/55} \\
a_{10n+8} &= (x + x^2)^{(19 \cdot 2^{20n+12} + 1)/55} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{20n+12}} \\
a_{10n+9} &= (x + x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{20n+14} - 1)/55}
\end{aligned}$$

Corollary 28. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1 + x^{-1})^{1/57}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned}
&1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[7]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^7 [31]_x^{16}} \right\rfloor \\
&\quad + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^9 [7]_x^{512}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{503}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{3593} [31]_x^{8192}} \right\rfloor \\
&\quad + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{4599} [7]_x^{262144}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{257545}} \right\rfloor \\
&\quad + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{1839607} [31]_x^{4194304}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{2354697} [7]_x^{134217728}} \right\rfloor + \dots
\end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned}
a_1 &= x \\
a_{3n} &= (x + x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{9n-6} - (-1)^n)/57} \\
a_{3n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(25 \cdot 2^{9n-5} + (-1)^n)/57} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{9n-5}} \\
a_{3n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{9n} - (-1)^n)/57} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{9n}}
\end{aligned}$$

Corollary 29. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1 + x^{-1})^{1/59}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned}
&1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^1 [3]_x^4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^3 [15]_x^{16}} \right\rfloor \\
&\quad + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{13} [7]_x^{256}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{243} [3]_x^{2048}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{1805}} \right\rfloor \\
&\quad + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{6387} [3]_x^{16384}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{9997}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{55539}} \right\rfloor \\
&\quad + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{75533}} \right\rfloor + \dots
\end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned}
a_1 &= 1 + x, \quad a_2 = [3]_x \\
a_{15n} &= (x + x^2)^{(27 \cdot 2^{29n-5} + (-1)^n)/59} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{29n-5}} \\
a_{15n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{29n} - (-1)^n)/59}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_{15n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(29 \cdot 2^{29n+1} + (-1)^n)/59} \\
 a_{15n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(15 \cdot 2^{29n+2} - (-1)^n)/59} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{29n+2}} \\
 a_{15n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{29n+4} + (-1)^n)/59} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{29n+4}} \\
 a_{15n+5} &= (x + x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{29n+8} - (-1)^n)/59} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{29n+8}} \\
 a_{15n+6} &= (x + x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{29n+11} + (-1)^n)/59} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{29n+11}} \\
 a_{15n+7} &= (x + x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{29n+13} - (-1)^n)/59} \\
 a_{15n+8} &= (x + x^2)^{(23 \cdot 2^{29n+14} + (-1)^n)/59} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{29n+14}} \\
 a_{15n+9} &= (x + x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{29n+16} - (-1)^n)/59} \\
 a_{15n+10} &= (x + x^2)^{(25 \cdot 2^{29n+17} + (-1)^n)/59} \\
 a_{15n+11} &= (x + x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{29n+18} - (-1)^n)/59} \\
 a_{15n+12} &= (x + x^2)^{(21 \cdot 2^{29n+19} + (-1)^n)/59} \\
 a_{15n+13} &= (x + x^2)^{(19 \cdot 2^{29n+20} - (-1)^n)/59} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{29n+20}} \\
 a_{15n+14} &= (x + x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{29n+23} + (-1)^n)/59}
 \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 30. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/61}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned}
 1 + &\left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^5} \right\rfloor \\
 &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{11}[7]_x^{32}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{21}[7]_x^{256}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{235}} \right\rfloor \\
 &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1813}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{2283}[3]_x^{8192}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{5909}} \right\rfloor + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_1 &= x \\
 a_{15n} &= (x + x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{30n-6} - (-1)^n)/61} \\
 a_{15n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(29 \cdot 2^{30n-5} + (-1)^n)/61} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{30n-5}} \\
 a_{15n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{30n} - (-1)^n)/61} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{30n}} \\
 a_{15n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(15 \cdot 2^{30n+2} + (-1)^n)/61} \\
 a_{15n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(23 \cdot 2^{30n+3} - (-1)^n)/61} \\
 a_{15n+5} &= (x + x^2)^{(19 \cdot 2^{30n+4} + (-1)^n)/61} \\
 a_{15n+6} &= (x + x^2)^{(21 \cdot 2^{30n+5} - (-1)^n)/61} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{30n+5}} \\
 a_{15n+7} &= (x + x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{30n+8} + (-1)^n)/61} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{30n+8}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
a_{15n+8} &= (x + x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{30n+11} - (-1)^n)/61} \\
a_{15n+9} &= (x + x^2)^{(27 \cdot 2^{30n+12} + (-1)^n)/61} \\
a_{15n+10} &= (x + x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{30n+13} - (-1)^n)/61} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{30n+13}} \\
a_{15n+11} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{30n+15} + (-1)^n)/61} \\
a_{15n+12} &= (x + x^2)^{(25 \cdot 2^{30n+16} - (-1)^n)/61} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{30n+16}} \\
a_{15n+13} &= (x + x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{30n+18} + (-1)^n)/61} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{30n+18}} \\
a_{15n+14} &= (x + x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{30n+20} - (-1)^n)/61} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{30n+20}}
\end{aligned}$$

Corollary 31. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1 + x^{-1})^{1/63}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned}
&1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[63]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{63}[31]_x^{128}} \right\rfloor \\
&\quad + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{65}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{4031}[31]_x^{8192}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{4161}} \right\rfloor \\
&\quad + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{257983}[31]_x^{524288}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{266305}} \right\rfloor \\
&\quad + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{16510911}[31]_x^{33554432}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{17043521}} \right\rfloor + \dots
\end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned}
a_1 &= 1 + x, \quad a_2 = [63]_x \\
a_{2n} &= (x + x^2)^{(31 \cdot 2^{6n-5} + 1)/63} \cdot [31]_x^{2^{6n-5}} \\
a_{2n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{6n}-1)/63}
\end{aligned}$$

Corollary 32. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1 + x^{-1})^{1/65}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned}
&1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[63]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1[63]_x^{64}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{63}[63]_x^{4096}} \right\rfloor \\
&\quad + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{4033}[63]_x^{262144}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{258111}[63]_x^{16777216}} \right\rfloor \\
&\quad + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{16519105}[63]_x^{1073741824}} \right\rfloor \\
&\quad + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1057222719}[63]_x^{68719476736}} \right\rfloor \\
&\quad + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{67662254017}[63]_x^{4398046511104}} \right\rfloor \\
&\quad + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{4330384257087}[63]_x^{281474976710656}} \right\rfloor
\end{aligned}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{277144592453569}[63]_x^{18014398509481984}} + \dots$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= x \\ a_n &= (x+x^2)^{(2^{6n-12}-(-1)^n)/65} \cdot [63]_x^{2^{6n-12}} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 33. The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/67}$ is

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + \left\lceil \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rceil + \left\lceil \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rceil + \left\lceil \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rceil + \left\lceil \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3} \right\rceil + \left\lceil \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^5} \right\rceil \\ + \left\lceil \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{11}[3]_x^{32}} \right\rceil + \left\lceil \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{21}[7]_x^{128}} \right\rceil + \left\lceil \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{107}[3]_x^{1024}} \right\rceil \\ + \left\lceil \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{917}[3]_x^{4096}} \right\rceil + \left\lceil \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{3179}} \right\rceil \\ + \left\lceil \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{13205}[7]_x^{32768}} \right\rceil + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= 1+x, \quad a_2 = [3]_x \\ a_{17n} &= (x+x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{33n-6} + (-1)^n)/67} \cdot [63]_x^{2^{33n-6}} \\ a_{17n+1} &= (x+x^2)^{(2^{33n} - (-1)^n)/67} \\ a_{17n+2} &= (x+x^2)^{(33 \cdot 2^{33n+1} + (-1)^n)/67} \\ a_{17n+3} &= (x+x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{33n+2} - (-1)^n)/67} \\ a_{17n+4} &= (x+x^2)^{(25 \cdot 2^{33n+3} + (-1)^n)/67} \\ a_{17n+5} &= (x+x^2)^{(21 \cdot 2^{33n+4} - (-1)^n)/67} \\ a_{17n+6} &= (x+x^2)^{(23 \cdot 2^{33n+5} + (-1)^n)/67} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{33n+5}} \\ a_{17n+7} &= (x+x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{33n+7} - (-1)^n)/67} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{33n+7}} \\ a_{17n+8} &= (x+x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{33n+10} + (-1)^n)/67} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{33n+10}} \\ a_{17n+9} &= (x+x^2)^{(15 \cdot 2^{33n+12} - (-1)^n)/67} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{33n+12}} \\ a_{17n+10} &= (x+x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{33n+14} + (-1)^n)/67} \\ a_{17n+11} &= (x+x^2)^{(27 \cdot 2^{33n+15} - (-1)^n)/67} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{33n+15}} \\ a_{17n+12} &= (x+x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{33n+18} + (-1)^n)/67} \\ a_{17n+13} &= (x+x^2)^{(31 \cdot 2^{33n+19} - (-1)^n)/67} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{33n+19}} \\ a_{17n+14} &= (x+x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{33n+21} + (-1)^n)/67} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_{17n+15} &= (x + x^2)^{(29 \cdot 2^{33n+22} - (-1)^n)/67} \\ a_{17n+16} &= (x + x^2)^{(19 \cdot 2^{33n+23} + (-1)^n)/67} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{33n+23}} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 34. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1 + x^{-1})^{1/69}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + &\left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^1 [3]_x^4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^3 [7]_x^{16}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{13}} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{115}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{141}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{371} [3]_x^{1024}} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{653}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{3443} [7]_x^{8192}} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{4749} [63]_x^{65536}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= x \\ a_{10n} &= (x + x^2)^{(29 \cdot 2^{22n-9} - 1)/69} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{22n-9}} \\ a_{10n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{22n-6} + 1)/69} \cdot [63]_x^{2^{22n-6}} \\ a_{10n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{22n-1})/69} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{22n}} \\ a_{10n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{22n+2} + 1)/69} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{22n+2}} \\ a_{10n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{22n+4} - 1)/69} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{22n+4}} \\ a_{10n+5} &= (x + x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{22n+7} + 1)/69} \\ a_{10n+6} &= (x + x^2)^{(31 \cdot 2^{22n+8} - 1)/69} \\ a_{10n+7} &= (x + x^2)^{(19 \cdot 2^{22n+9} + 1)/69} \\ a_{10n+8} &= (x + x^2)^{(25 \cdot 2^{22n+10} - 1)/69} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{22n+10}} \\ a_{10n+9} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{22n+12} + 1)/69} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 35. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1 + x^{-1})^{1/71}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + &\left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[7]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^7 [7]_x^{16}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^9} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{119}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{137} [3]_x^{512}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{375}} \right\rfloor \\ &+ \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{1673}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{2423}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{5769}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$a_1 = 1 + x, \quad a_2 = [7]_x$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_{18n} &= (x + x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{35n-6} + 1)/71} \cdot [63]_x^{2^{35n-6}} \\
 a_{18n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{35n-1})/71} \\
 a_{18n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(35 \cdot 2^{35n+1} + 1)/71} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{35n+1}} \\
 a_{18n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{35n+3} - 1)/71} \\
 a_{18n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(31 \cdot 2^{35n+4} + 1)/71} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{35n+4}} \\
 a_{18n+5} &= (x + x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{35n+7} - 1)/71} \\
 a_{18n+6} &= (x + x^2)^{(33 \cdot 2^{35n+8} + 1)/71} \\
 a_{18n+7} &= (x + x^2)^{(19 \cdot 2^{35n+9} - 1)/71} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{35n+9}} \\
 a_{18n+8} &= (x + x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{35n+11} + 1)/71} \\
 a_{18n+9} &= (x + x^2)^{(29 \cdot 2^{35n+12} - 1)/71} \\
 a_{18n+10} &= (x + x^2)^{(21 \cdot 2^{35n+13} + 1)/71} \\
 a_{18n+11} &= (x + x^2)^{(25 \cdot 2^{35n+14} - 1)/71} \\
 a_{18n+12} &= (x + x^2)^{(23 \cdot 2^{35n+15} + 1)/71} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{35n+15}} \\
 a_{18n+13} &= (x + x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{35n+19} - 1)/71} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{35n+19}} \\
 a_{18n+14} &= (x + x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{35n+21} + 1)/71} \\
 a_{18n+15} &= (x + x^2)^{(27 \cdot 2^{35n+22} - 1)/71} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{35n+22}} \\
 a_{18n+16} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{35n+24} + 1)/71} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{35n+24}} \\
 a_{18n+17} &= (x + x^2)^{(15 \cdot 2^{35n+26} - 1)/71} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{35n+26}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 36. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/73}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned}
 1 + & \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[7]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^1 [63]_x^8} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^7 [7]_x^{512}} \right\rfloor \\
 & + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{505} [63]_x^{4096}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{3591} [7]_x^{262144}} \right\rfloor \\
 & + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{258553} [63]_x^{2097152}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{1838599} [7]_x^{134217728}} \right\rfloor \\
 & + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{132379129} [63]_x^{1073741824}} \right\rfloor \\
 & + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{941362695} [7]_x^{68719476736}} \right\rfloor \\
 & + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x + x^2)^{67778114041} [63]_x^{549755813888}} \right\rfloor + \dots
 \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= x \\ a_{2n} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{9n-9}-1)/73} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{9n-9}} \\ a_{2n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{9n-6}+1)/73} \cdot [63]_x^{2^{9n-6}} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 37. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/75}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x+1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1 [7]_x^4} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3 [3]_x^{32}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{29}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{99}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{157} [3]_x^{512}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{355}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1693} [3]_x^{4096}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{2403} [63]_x^{16384}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{13981}} \right\rfloor + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= 1+x, \quad a_2 = [3]_x \\ a_{10n} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{20n-6}+1)/75} \cdot [63]_x^{2^{20n-6}} \\ a_{10n+1} &= (x + x^2)^{(2^{20n}-1)/75} \\ a_{10n+2} &= (x + x^2)^{(37 \cdot 2^{20n+1}+1)/75} \\ a_{10n+3} &= (x + x^2)^{(19 \cdot 2^{20n+2}-1)/75} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{20n+2}} \\ a_{10n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{20n+5}+1)/75} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{20n+5}} \\ a_{10n+5} &= (x + x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{20n+7}-1)/75} \\ a_{10n+6} &= (x + x^2)^{(29 \cdot 2^{20n+8}+1)/75} \\ a_{10n+7} &= (x + x^2)^{(23 \cdot 2^{20n+9}-1)/75} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{20n+9}} \\ a_{10n+8} &= (x + x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{20n+11}+1)/75} \\ a_{10n+9} &= (x + x^2)^{(31 \cdot 2^{20n+12}-1)/75} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{20n+12}} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 38. *The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/77}$ is*

$$\begin{aligned} 1 + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{[3]_x} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^1} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^3 [15]_x^8} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^5} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{123} [7]_x^{256}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{133} [7]_x^{2048}} \right\rfloor \\ + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{1915} [3]_x^{16384}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{14469} [3]_x^{65536}} \right\rfloor + \left\lfloor \frac{1}{(x+x^2)^{51067}} \right\rfloor \end{aligned}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{\lceil (x+x^2)^{211077} \rceil} + \dots$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= x \\ a_{14n} &= (x+x^2)^{(25 \cdot 2^{30n-8}-1)/77} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{30n-8}} \\ a_{14n+1} &= (x+x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{30n-6}+1)/77} \cdot [63]_x^{2^{30n-6}} \\ a_{14n+2} &= (x+x^2)^{(2^{30n}-1)/77} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{30n}} \\ a_{14n+3} &= (x+x^2)^{(19 \cdot 2^{30n+2}+1)/77} \\ a_{14n+4} &= (x+x^2)^{(29 \cdot 2^{30n+3}-1)/77} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{30n+3}} \\ a_{14n+5} &= (x+x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{30n+7}+1)/77} \\ a_{14n+6} &= (x+x^2)^{(37 \cdot 2^{30n+8}-1)/77} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{30n+8}} \\ a_{14n+7} &= (x+x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{30n+11}+1)/77} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{30n+11}} \\ a_{14n+8} &= (x+x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{30n+14}-1)/77} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{30n+14}} \\ a_{14n+9} &= (x+x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{30n+16}+1)/77} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{30n+16}} \\ a_{14n+10} &= (x+x^2)^{(15 \cdot 2^{30n+18}-1)/77} \\ a_{14n+11} &= (x+x^2)^{(31 \cdot 2^{30n+19}+1)/77} \\ a_{14n+12} &= (x+x^2)^{(23 \cdot 2^{30n+20}-1)/77} \\ a_{14n+13} &= (x+x^2)^{(27 \cdot 2^{30n+21}+1)/77} \end{aligned}$$

Corollary 39. The continued fraction expansion of $(1+x^{-1})^{1/79}$ is

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &+ \frac{1}{\lceil x+1 \rceil} + \frac{1}{\lceil [15]_x \rceil} + \frac{1}{\lceil (x+x^2)^1 \rceil} + \frac{1}{\lceil (x+x^2)^{15} \rceil} + \frac{1}{\lceil (x+x^2)^{17} \rceil} \\ &+ \frac{1}{\lceil (x+x^2)^{47} \rceil} + \frac{1}{\lceil (x+x^2)^{81} \rceil} + \frac{1}{\lceil (x+x^2)^{175}[3]_x^{512} \rceil} + \frac{1}{\lceil (x+x^2)^{337} \rceil} \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{\lceil (x+x^2)^{1711} \rceil} + \frac{1}{\lceil (x+x^2)^{2385}[7]_x^{8192} \rceil} + \dots \end{aligned}$$

where the partial quotients a_n are given by

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 &= 1+x, \quad a_2 = [15]_x \\ a_{20n} &= (x+x^2)^{(15 \cdot 2^{39n-6}+1)/79} \cdot [63]_x^{2^{39n-6}} \\ a_{20n+1} &= (x+x^2)^{(2^{39n}-1)/79} \\ a_{20n+2} &= (x+x^2)^{(39 \cdot 2^{39n+1}+1)/79} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{39n+1}} \\ a_{20n+3} &= (x+x^2)^{(5 \cdot 2^{39n+4}-1)/79} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
a_{20n+4} &= (x + x^2)^{(37 \cdot 2^{39n+5} + 1)/79} \\
a_{20n+5} &= (x + x^2)^{(21 \cdot 2^{39n+6} - 1)/79} \\
a_{20n+6} &= (x + x^2)^{(29 \cdot 2^{39n+7} + 1)/79} \\
a_{20n+7} &= (x + x^2)^{(25 \cdot 2^{39n+8} - 1)/79} \\
a_{20n+8} &= (x + x^2)^{(27 \cdot 2^{39n+9} + 1)/79} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{39n+9}} \\
a_{20n+9} &= (x + x^2)^{(13 \cdot 2^{39n+11} - 1)/79} \\
a_{20n+10} &= (x + x^2)^{(33 \cdot 2^{39n+12} + 1)/79} \\
a_{20n+11} &= (x + x^2)^{(23 \cdot 2^{39n+13} - 1)/79} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{39n+13}} \\
a_{20n+12} &= (x + x^2)^{(7 \cdot 2^{39n+16} + 1)/79} \cdot [7]_x^{2^{39n+16}} \\
a_{20n+13} &= (x + x^2)^{(9 \cdot 2^{39n+19} - 1)/79} \\
a_{20n+14} &= (x + x^2)^{(35 \cdot 2^{39n+20} + 1)/79} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{39n+20}} \\
a_{20n+15} &= (x + x^2)^{(11 \cdot 2^{39n+22} - 1)/79} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{39n+22}} \\
a_{20n+16} &= (x + x^2)^{(17 \cdot 2^{39n+24} + 1)/79} \\
a_{20n+17} &= (x + x^2)^{(31 \cdot 2^{39n+25} - 1)/79} \cdot [15]_x^{2^{39n+25}} \\
a_{20n+18} &= (x + x^2)^{(3 \cdot 2^{39n+29} + 1)/79} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{39n+29}} \\
a_{20n+19} &= (x + x^2)^{(19 \cdot 2^{39n+31} - 1)/79} \cdot [3]_x^{2^{39n+31}}
\end{aligned}$$

I.R.M.A., UMR 7501, UNIVERSITÉ DE STRASBOURG ET CNRS, 7 RUE RENÉ DESCARTES,
67084 STRASBOURG CEDEX, FRANCE

INSTITUT UNIVERSITAIRE DE FRANCE
Email address: bugeaud@math.unistra.fr

I.R.M.A., UMR 7501, UNIVERSITÉ DE STRASBOURG ET CNRS, 7 RUE RENÉ DESCARTES,
67084 STRASBOURG CEDEX, FRANCE
Email address: guoniu.han@unistra.fr